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Unions Elect Delegates to the United Labor Party Conference - S. F. Nov. 20

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WESTERN ORGAN OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY, U. S. A.
(Section of the Communist International)

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ITALY TRADE BAN STARTS; PEDRO SHIP TIED UP

Communist Leader Wins Election to British Parliament

NATIONAL GOV. RETURNED WITH LARGE MAJORITY

COMMUNIST UNITY POLICY VINDICATED BY WIN FOR GALLAGHER

Member of Comintern

LIBERALS, LABOR UNITE TO DEFEAT POLLITT IN WELSH CONSTITUENCY

LONDON, Nov. 18.—Summarizing the election results and experiences as a smashing victory for their united front policy against the side-stepping role of conservative labor leaders, the Communist Party of Great Britain hails the election to Parliament of William Gallagher, member of the Executive Committee of the Communist International and veteran Scottish labor leader. Gallagher, Communist Party candidate for West Fife, polled 13,462 votes against 9,667 for his Laborite opponent.

The only other candidate run by the Communist Party, Harry Pollitt, who campaigned for a Welsh seat, polled 13,665 votes and was barely defeated in spite of the last-minute agreement between labor and liberal forces by which the liberal candidate was withdrawn. Pollitt's vote was 3,000 more than in 1931.

MacDonald Defeated

Ramsay MacDonald and his son were both defeated for reelection, the elder MacDonald being howled down as a traitor to the workers. James Maxton and J. C. McGovern, left Laborites, were both re-elected, as was Lloyd George, Liberal leader.

Labor gains totalled some 80 seats, and the National Government majority was cut from 412 to 243. Total votes were nearly evenly split, lack of proportional representation accounting for the overwhelming Conservative seats.

In a statement issued immediately after the elections, Gallagher stated that the Communist Party united front policy of withdrawing all candidates but two in favor of Laborites was instrumental in aiding Labor to gain, whereas the Labor Party policy of tagging along behind the National Government on the question of

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 2)

BRITISH LABOR LEADER



A call for economic and financial sanctions against Italy was brought to the annual British Trades Union Congress at Margate, England, by Pres. William Kean (above). He voiced the anti-war sentiment of British workers.

MARITIME FEDERATION MEET CONSIDERS MOVES TO BACK GULF LONGSHORE STRIKERS

Lundeberg Will Go to British Columbia To Aid Waterfront Struggle There

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 19.—In view of International Longshore President Ryan's continued stalling, it was expected today the Maritime Federation Convention, in emergency session here, would today take steps to call upon the rank and file of the maritime unions for a nation-wide enforcement of the boycott against scab loaded cargo from the Gulf of Mexico.

The Convention opened a week ago today. Sessions have been stormy but several moves of major importance have been made. One of these provides that Harry Lundeberg, Federation president is authorized to go to British Columbia to assist the striking maritime workers there in arriving at a satisfactory settlement of their five-months-old struggle.

If Lundeberg's efforts are not successful the Convention has authorized him to make such recommendations as he may think necessary. This probably would mean another referendum vote on banning British Columbia hot cargo.

The delegates unanimously moved that representatives of

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 2)

YOUTH MEETING PREPARES PLAN OF ACTIVITIES

50 DELEGATES, FROM 32 ORGANIZATIONS, IN S. F. CONVENTION

Plan Youth Paper

RESOLUTION DENOUNCES FRAME-UP AGAINST FOUR SCALERS

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 18.—Fifty delegates, representing 32 organizations, including 18 trade unions, and 150 observers, met at the Fairmont Hotel yesterday in a local convention of the American Youth Congress.

Those present were enthusiastically agreed on the necessity of building a strong youth organization of young workers and students today. To this end they resolved to build a strong San Francisco American Youth Congress.

Activities the delegates agreed to concentrate on include: a campaign to spread and popularize the proposed American Youth Act; an investigation of the National Youth Administration, which is pitifully inadequate for the present-day needs of the youth of the nation; a campaign to transfer the Olympic Games from Nazi Germany; support of trade unions and especially of youth activities within the trade unions, and the holding of a huge peace rally.

Resolutions passed by the Congress demanded the freedom of Angelo Herndon, protested the attack on Ethiopia, supported the Hearst boycott, and denounced vigilantism and the attempt to frame-up four members of the Scalers Union on murder charges.

The most important step taken toward carrying on the before-mentioned activities was the decision to issue a publication by the Pacific Coast Council of the American Youth Congress, uniting all congresses on the coast. Such a publication would give a working basis for the activities of the Congress, and popularize the youth movement among the unorganized students and workers.

A contest for the best name for the publication was decided upon. Suggestions should be sent to 83 McAllister, Room 211, San Francisco, or 112 West 9th street, Los Angeles. Donations and subscriptions are desired.

The Congress, which lasted all day, was followed by a highly successful dance in the evening.

Clothing Workers Close 51 Plants In L. A. Walk-Out

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 15.—Fifty-one clothing manufacturing shops were closed here yesterday when 500 workers walked out in a strike called by the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America. The strike was called when the employers failed to grant demands for a 36-hour week and improved working conditions in the shops.

Statement issued by the employers stated that the strike order had come after negotiations, in which the union demanded the same wage for a 36-hour week as they received for 40 hours, failed to reach any agreement.

Tacoma Strike Won

TACOMA, Wash. (fp)—The Upholsterers Union has won increases from 7 to 10 cents an hour, in a 2-week strike affecting 100 Tacoma workers.

THIRD ANTI-WAR CONGRESS TO BE HELD JAN. 3, 4, 5 AT CLEVELAND

S. F. Congress Called For Dec. 14

NEW YORK, N. Y., Nov. 18.—A call urging the American people to the name of peace and freedom for action in the present world crisis has just been issued by the American League Against War and Fascism in preparation for its third nation-wide Congress which will assemble in Cleveland, Ohio, on January 3, 4, and 5, 1936.

"There is only one way for the American people to escape Fascism and avoid war," the call reads. "All who desire peace and freedom must unite in time to defeat their enemies." Delegates are requested from trade unions, farmers, churches, professional workers, Negroes, women, youth, veterans, progressives, liberals, etc.

Appended to the call are names of many outstanding individuals including Dr. Harry F. Ward. (Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)

HERNDON WRIT DECISION DUE

Arguments Presented By Defense to Show Law Is Invalid

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 13.—Decision was reserved today by Judge Hugh M. Dorsey in the Superior Court of Fulton, following argument on a writ to free Angelo Herndon, young Negro organizer of the unemployed, under sentence of 18 to 20 years on the charge of sedition. The hearing began yesterday and was continued until noon today. Until the final decision is handed down by Judge Dorsey Herndon will remain in Fulton Tower Prison and will not be sent to the chain-gang.

The writ was sought on the grounds that the insurrection statute under which Herndon was sentenced in January, 1933, is unconstitutional under both the Georgia and Federal Constitutions. (Continued on Page 2, Col. 3.)

Furniture Union Wins Strike in Seventeen Shops

FORCE RECOGNITION AND BETTER CONDITIONS

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 16.—Recognition for the union and improved working conditions have been won by the Furniture Workers' Union with 17 local shops signed up, leaving 12 shops still out on strike.

Twelve hundred men are employed in the shops signed up, and but 550 men in the picketed shops.

Stubborn and courageous picket lines have fought for months in this strike, against the former conditions of wages as low as 27 1/2 cents an hour, and hours as long as 18 per day.

Shops who have refused to arbitrate with the union include Morris Manufacturing Company, Los Angeles Period Furniture Company, F. H. Gillespie Furniture Manufacturing Company; W. J. Jaeger Furniture Manufacturing Company, L. C. Phoenix Furniture Manufacturing Company, Ronney & Son, Cherman Furniture Manufacturing Company, N. A. Chman Spring Filled Corporation, Advance Furniture Manufacturing Company, L. A. Suring Bed Company.

I.L.A. OFFICIALS IN EAST BLOCK GULF SUPPORT

BOSTON DOCKERS REMAIN FIRM IN BOYCOTT ON GULF VESSEL

Scab Cargo Worked

RYAN AND PALS VIOLATE DECISION OF NEW YORK LOCALS

BOSTON, Nov. 18.—The steamship Liberty Glo is still tied up here with a load of hot cargo from the Gulf strike area.

Longshoremen have refused to touch her since her arrival here early last week. The owners, Lykes Bros., have repeatedly announced their intention to shift the Liberty Glo to New Bedford but have failed to make good their bluff as they have learned the New Bedford dockers are planning solidarity action.

SCAB CARGO WORKED

NEW YORK, N. Y., Nov. 18.—The steamer Scamall, chartered by the Morgan Line and loaded by scab longshoremen in New Orleans from which it sailed Nov. 10, arrived here Friday and was unloaded by members of the International Longshoremen's Association, under orders from officials.

This is but the latest of a whole series of such actions, in violation of the decisions of the North Atlantic Executive Board of the I.L.A., in defiance of the protests of the Gulf longshoremen themselves, who were promised by I. L. A. President Ryan that no scab cargo would be worked here after Nov. 1, and contrary to the example of the West Coast Longshoremen who have refused cargo from the Gulf.

Meanwhile the United Fruit Co. has been forced to promise it would cease its attempts to herd dock workers into its company union. Workers on the United Fruit docks are joining the I.L.A., a move which the company has fought for some time.

VEGETABLE OIL MEN STRIKE AS 14 ARE FIRED

WILMINGTON, Calif., Nov. 15.—Swiftly answering the discharge of 14 workers for attempting to exercise their right of collective bargaining, 240 workers of the Vegetable Oil Products Company at 6100 Avalon Boulevard went out on strike here today.

The strike was called by the Soap and Edible Oil Workers Union, local 18409, after the company refused to bargain collectively with the workers and had discharged 14 who attempted negotiations.

"The firm has always held to the principle of the open shop and sees no reason for changing it at this time," said Martin Pattison, assistant secretary-treasurer of the company.

"That statement makes it imperative that we defend our rights under the laws of the United States to the best of our ability," replied E. F. Prior, secretary of the union.

The company was cited to appear before the regional office of the Nat'l Labor Relations Board on charges of violating the Wagner Labor Relations act. The citation, first to be issued locally, means the firm must show cause why it should not be cited for violation of the act.

League Ban Will Close Frontiers To Export Trade

Gasoline, Italy Bound, Taken on At Pedro Docks

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 18.—Huge supplies of aviation gasoline are being loaded aboard several ships here, bound, ostensibly for "Oriental ports" but in reality destined for Italy.

Gasoline is not included in the American "arms" embargo. An investigation showed \$1,000,000 worth of gasoline was being loaded and officers of the ship tacitly admitted it is consigned for Italian Somalia. Investigations further disclosed the freighter Wisconsin is due in San Pedro Thursday to take on a load of gasoline.

Crude oil also bound for Italy, is being loaded at Corpus Cristi, a Gulf of Mexico port.

Riots in Rome, Cairo Continue As War Tension Grows

Japanese Drive Will Partition China; Red Army Gains

BULLETIN
SAN PEDRO, Nov. 18.—(By Wire)—Shortly before the Norwegian tanker Rignor was due to sail with gasoline destined for Italy, longshoremen learned the objective of the cargo and stopped loading the ship, which is tied up. Captain stated the cargo was destined for Singapore "for orders."

(Secretary of State Hull stated last Friday in Washington that "shipment of oil, copper, trucks, scrap iron and several other commodities" to Italy is contrary to government policy.)

GENEVA, Nov. 18.—The application of the Italian trade boycott began by 50 nations today, with League spokesmen declaring that they hope to bring Mussolini to terms within three months, when the effect of the new sanctions will be felt by Italy, which is already in the grip of economic shrinkage as seen in stringent food economies and leaping prices.

Students drunk with Fascist war incitement, roamed the streets of Rome in renewed anti-British demonstrations when news of the boycott was made public.

CAIRO, Nov. 16.—The Wafd (Nationalist) Party tonight decided to send a protest to the League of Nations against Britain's "interferences" in Egypt's internal affairs. The party will also make a strong protest to the government against the ruthless suppression of the anti-British demonstrations during the past week. In the meanwhile, Madame Zaghloul, widow of the founder of the

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 1)

GERMANY ACTS AGAINST JEWS

Persecution Proves Need for Boycott Of Olympics

BERLIN, Nov. 18.—Justifying every claim of liberals that the 1936 Olympic Games in Berlin should be boycotted because of discrimination against racial minorities, Hitler in a decree deprived Jews of all political rights in Germany. They are now no longer citizens, but merely "subjects."

At the same time Jewish sources pointed out that similar discriminations were not applied to the field of commerce for fear that this might strengthen the sentiment to keep the United States out of the Olympic Games.

Such discriminations have con-

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 5)

Grand Jury Including One Negro Re-Indicts Nine Scottsboro Boys

Sentences of Negro Defendants Were Twice Set Aside by Supreme Court

SCOTTSBORO, Ala., Nov. 18.—The nine Negro youth defendants in the Scottsboro case were re-indicted by a special grand jury which included one of their own race.

After twice having their convictions set aside by the Supreme Court of the United States, they again face a death penalty for an alleged assault on two white girls who were "hoboing" on a freight car. One of the girls, Ruby Bates, later repudiated the assault claim, which was made by them to escape jailing on a vagrancy charge.

The first conviction was set aside by the Supreme Court. The second conviction was set aside by the trial judge as being contrary to the weight of the evidence. The third conviction, of two defendants only, was set aside by the Supreme Court on the

grounds that failure to include Negroes in the grand jury rolls made the indictments void.

Subsequently, the state, determined to railroad the Negro defendants at any cost, included one Negro in the Grand Jury of 18 which has just re-indicted the Scottsboro boys.

The case, one of the most unparalleled examples of injustice in court annals, has aroused protests from workers and liberals throughout the world. The Southern ruling class has regarded the case as a test of their ability to keep Negroes suppressed, and has spared no effort to convict the defendants. The state legislature of Alabama appropriated \$25,000 for the expenses of the prosecution at the last session of the legislature.

The International Labor Defense has throughout defended the nine Negro youths.

Branch Hearing Is Postponed

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 18.—The hearing of James Branch on a writ of habeas corpus was postponed this morning in Judge Louderback's court, Post Office Building, Mission and 7th streets, to Monday, Nov. 25.

Comrade Branch faces deportation proceedings.

52 NATIONS STOP TRADE WITH ITALY; JAPANESE BEGIN NEW DRIVE TO STEAL NORTH CHINA

(Continued from Page 1)

Wafd Party, planned further demonstrations in the struggle for independence, a struggle reborn due to Mussolini's rape of Ethiopia.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 17.—The Japanese high military command, taking advantage of the tense war activity, which keeps European powers limited in action in the Far East, moves forward with deliberate intent to annex several more northern Chinese provinces, which will be placed under the rule of their puppet Manchurian ruler. Several Chinese war-lords have thrown in their lot with the Japanese and are aiding in this partitioning move. News from the interior is disquieting to the Kuomintang, the Red Army being reported making tremendous gains in Szechwan province, while Chiang Kai Shek's attention is distracted toward the deserting provincial war-lords.

ILL.G.W.U. WORKERS CHEER

ANTONINI-RETURNED ANTI-FASCIST MEET

NEW YORK, Nov. 16 (fp)—Welcomed back to New York by 3,000 enthusiastic Intl Ladies Garment Workers Union members. Vice-President Luigi Antonini described in glowing terms the recent congress of Italian exiles from Fascism, held in Brussels, Belgium, and predicted that "Mussolini is digging his grave in Ethiopia."

His description of the congress and other secret anti-Fascist conferences throughout Europe were colorful outlines of the way in which European labor is fighting Hitler's reign. The Brussels congress, attended by 350 delegates, included in its members several from Italy, he said.

Thirty former members of the Italian parliament were present and Italian workers, peasants, intellectuals, tradesmen, members of the General Federation of Labor, the Socialist and Communist Parties and other democratic groups were all represented. Extensive plans for continuing the fight against Italian Fascism were made, including a strong appeal to the League of Nations to take drastic action against Hitler's Ethiopian campaign.

The reception accorded Antonini by his brother unionists at the French line docks was as colorful and emotional as any witnessed in the city in recent times. Members of Local 89 of I.L.G.W.U., composed entirely of Italian workers and headed by Antonini, and other locals throughout the city waited three hours on the dock for his ship, delayed in passage. They sang union songs and cheered and pushed when their leader stepped from the gangplank, and police had difficulty in keeping the crowd from over-

Beating of Class War Prisoner in San Quentin Told

MacNAMARA, JAILED 24 YEARS, DENIED PRIVILEGES

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 15.—(Special to the Western Worker)—Reports that J. B. MacNamara, the oldest class war prisoner in the United States in point of years served, has been beaten up by prison authorities at San Quentin and thrown into the "hole" were brought to the International Labor Defense office today.

Cells of other class-war prisoners have been raided, their newspapers denied them and other discriminations practiced, it was also reported.

On December 10 next it will be 24 years since MacNamara went to prison on "framed" charges of dynamiting the Los Angeles "Times" building. The I.L.D. urges that other workers remember him on that anniversary by sending greetings.

He has been permitted no visitors since last April and all his rights have been taken away from him because Warden Holohan claims that he "agitates" among the other prisoners. Such a show of spirit, after all these years of imprisonment and abuse, deserves recognition and the I.L.D. urges that workers remember him on the approaching anniversary by sending greetings. And, at the same time, send protests to the warden regarding his mistreatment.

whelming him as he walked to a waiting car.

HULL SCORES INCREASED WAR EXPORTS

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 (fp)—American interests which are profiting from the Italo-Ethiopian war by exporting goods which do not come under the arms embargo, but are needed for war purposes, were informed Nov. 15 by Sec. of State Hull that "this class of trade is directly contrary to the policy of this government."

"The American people are entitled to know that there are certain commodities such as oil, copper, trucks, tractors, scrap iron and scrap steel which are essential war materials, although not actually arms, ammunition or implements of war," said Hull, "and that a considerable increased amount of these is being exported, for war purposes."

Besides being contrary to government policy, this trade is also "contrary to the general spirit of the recent neutrality act," the secretary declared. A check of all exports to Italy and Ethiopia is being kept and will be made public.

PEACE MANDATE GIVEN WORLD CIRCULATION

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16 (fp)—The "People's Mandate Against War" is now in circulation in 30 countries, according to Mabel Vernon, campaign director of the Women's International League. "Our purpose is to express such overwhelming public opinion for peace that governments will not dare to consider war as a way of settling conflicts," she said.

The mandate, for which 12 million signatures are sought in the United States and 50 million throughout the world, calls upon governments to stop arms increases, to use existing peace machinery, to secure a world treaty for disarmament and international agreements "to end economic anarchy which breeds war."

MEMBER OF COMINTERN WINS SEAT

COMMUNIST VOICE IN BRITISH PARLIAMENT

(Continued from Page 1)

war sanctions, without urging independent working class actions, weakened their campaign and played into the hands of the Conservatives in their jingoistic election appeal.

Communist Program.

- 1—Defeat the National Government by a united working class vote.
- 2—For peace — against war. Against the rearmament program. For collective peace in cooperation with the Soviet Union.
- 3—For democratic rights—against Fascism and reaction. Repeal of Sedition Acts and the Trades Disputes Act.
- 4—Work and wages for all. Fight unemployment by public works schemes of social utility at trade union rates of wages.
- 5—Unite the wage fight and the election fight. Support the workers' struggle.
- 6—For the workers demands. Pull down the shams and build the millions of new houses required. End the food tariffs and taxes on the Cooperatives.
- 7—Return a Labor Government to fight for the above demands.
- 8—Return Pollitt and Gallagher to Parliament to voice the revolutionary working class fight and lead the United Front struggle.
- 9—Through unity to power. The United Front prepares the way for the fight for power and the victory of Socialism.
- 10—Fight for victory.

Tolstoi Anniversary Talk by Prof. Kaun

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 18.—Prof. Alexander Kaun of the Slavic Department of the University of California, will talk Nov. 20 at 8 p. m. in the Assembly Hall of the Public Library, Civic Center, on the life and works of Leo Tolstoi, commemorating the 25th anniversary of his death.

An exhibit of Tolstoi material from the Soviet Union will be on display in the afternoon beginning at 2 o'clock, under the auspices of the American Russian Institute. Admission is free.

Help distribute 500,000 edition of Dimitroff's pamphlet, "Working Class Unity—Bulwark Against Fascism". Price 5 cents.

Masses in Motion to Prevent Another War

French Longshoremen Halt Shipments to Africa War Zone

In an article entitled "Strike-breakers of Proletarian Unity," in "Pravda," official organ of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, it is pointed out that:

"The military attack of fascist Italy on Abyssinia has made the realization of proletarian unity for the fight against war and fascism the most urgent task . . .

"At this moment the slightest delay in the realization of the united front against war and fascism is impermissible and criminal. Not a moment, not a second must be lost!"

"The masses of proletarians, who are coming into action in all countries against the colonial adventure of Italian fascism, understand this. In Cardiff and London the dockers have refused to load the Italian ships 'Ripa Corrado' and 'Boccaccio' with coal. In France, in the U.S.A., in Poland and in many other countries every day there are mass meetings and demonstrations against the war."

HERNDON WRIT ARGUED BEFORE GEORGIA COURT

(Continued from Page 1)

And that in any case is in violation of the Fourteenth Amendment guaranteeing the right of due process of law. Whitney North Seymour, New York attorney retained in the Herndon case by the International Labor Defense appeared to argue the constitutional questions. His presentation was marked by the forceful brilliance that characterized his appeal to the U. S. Supreme Court in behalf of Herndon last April. W. A. Sutherland, Atlanta attorney retained by Seymour for the writ actions presented the general argument for the defense, stated that the appeal on the writ of habeas corpus would be carried to the U. S. Supreme Court if necessary.

White Chauvinist

Herndon sat in court intently following the proceedings. The effect of his confinement in Fulton Tower for the last ten days upon his health was noticeable. He coughed frequently.

The entire section reserved for Negroes in the jim crow court was jammed, and Negroes who came to see the trial of the young leader overflowed into the section ordinarily reserved for whites. Assistant Solicitor General Walter Le Crow of Fulton County, who represented Georgia before the United States Supreme Court, represented the State in a two hour argument. This notorious red baiter and white chauvinist repeated his impassioned plea for Herndon's life. He stated that, "Herndon sought to foster the aims of the Red Committee at Moscow by advocating the confiscation of the property of white landholders for the use of Negro farmers. He also stated that, 'Herndon advocated the overthrow of republican government to set up a Negro government in the so-called Black Belt of the South.'"

Provocative Sentiments

Le Crow opening his speech by alluding to the evidence in the case, which is the basis of the defense argument that the application of the "insurrection" law in the Herndon case violates the due process clause of the constitution. Judge Dorsey reserved decision on this motion as well as his decision on granting the writ.

His entire speech was an appeal to passion, against the slogans of equal rights for Negroes and self-determination for the Black Belt. "Herndon was not convicted on the basis of any specific act," he said, "he was convicted for general activity to incite the formation of a Negro republic, through soliciting membership in the Communist Party."

These same inciting and provocative sentiments were publicly voiced by Major A. L. Henson, state chairman of the Georgia American Legion Honorary Society on Monday. "Herndon was not arrested for distributing communist literature but for inciting a group of Georgia's population to armed insurrection and seizure of the major portion of five southern states for the establishment of a soviet republic independent of the United States. He possessed and presented written contract of and property and maps defining territory to be conquered."

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 16.—Repeal of the infamous "insurrection law" of Georgia, dismissal of the eighteen indictments under it now pending in the courts, and the im-

mediate and unconditional freedom of its heroic victim, Angelo Herndon, is demanded in a resolution adopted by District 1 of the Public Works and Unemployed Union this week.

United Front

On October 13 the Executive of the Second International, meeting in Brussels, published an official document in which it rejected the proposal of the Communist International "without reserve." In spite of this refusal by the reformist leaders of the Second International however, the past few months have witnessed a growing desire within the rank and file of the trade unions of many countries for united action against the war, and against fascism.

On October 10 the monarchist coup d'etat was carried out in Greece. This despite many mass demonstrations of the People's Front. Following the monarchist advance, the Communist Party of Greece called for a general strike against the fascist rule. And in a number of factories—for example the tobacco factories of Drama, Seres, Larissa and Patras—the workers downed tools.

On October 12 and 13 the Congress of Italians Abroad met in Brussels. Representatives attended from the Amsterdam International of Transport Workers (I.T.F.), the International of Seamen and

Maker of Legion Uniforms Fights Garment Workers

FIFTEEN FIRMS ALREADY HAVE SIGNED UP WITH STRIKERS

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 16.—The American Legion was again exposed as an anti-labor force here last night when the Central Labor Council received a report from a delegate of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers Union that one of the main hold-outs against the union in its current strike is the Glikman Company, makers of uniforms.

Largest customer of the Glikman Company, it was revealed, is the American Legion. Glikman had one picket arrested, but failed to secure a complaint against him.

Fifteen firms have already signed agreements with the Amalgamated Clothing Workers, according to a statement by Secretary Jack Blumberg, and have granted a 36-hour week, a few pay increases, and time-and-a-half for overtime work.

The union delegate last night announced that his local has formed a united front with the Journeyman Tailors' Union to organize all shops in the downtown area, and predicted that they would soon have every shop unionized. At last night's Council meeting, a motion by Secretary J. W. Buzzell to have Gorman's Mortuary taken off the unfair list was strenuously opposed by delegates from Painters' Local 1348, which originally placed the firm on the list. The local requested further information as to the good intentions of the firm, which assertedly promised to have painting done by union workers.

When the local's business agent approached Gorman some time ago, the proprietor flashed a deputy sheriff's badge and threatened the union official. The union immediately picketed the establishment to the subsequent detriment of its business.

Sinclair Won't Run for Office

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—Upton Sinclair, California Epic leader, has declared that he will not run for office again. "It's too dangerous, I might get elected." But he intends to vote for President Roosevelt, "chiefly in order to help Mr. Hoover stay the estimable country gentleman he deserves to be."

NEW YORK.—(FP)—Nazi terror is directed not only against Jews, but against trade unionists, Catholics, Masons and Protestants as well. John J. Dolman, chairman of the Inter-Faith Committee to Move the Olympic Games, declared. Scoring the contention that the campaign to move the Olympics is a "Jewish issue," Dolman said: "American labor and American churches of all denominations have marked that lie, 'Made in Germany.'"

Another resolution adopted demands that the WPA set up a project throughout the state whereby all children and students in the public schools will be served free milk and hot lunches.

Harbor Workers (I.S.H.), the secretary of the European Bureau of the Red International of Labor Unions (R.I.L.U.), the Communist International, the Socialist Party of France and from African Negro organizations. The Communist Party of France sent its General Secretary, Thorez, as a delegate.

Anti-War Action

The upshot of the Congress was the election of a general committee, and an executive committee, consisting of representatives from five of the most important organizations to carry on the united front struggle against the Italian fascist adventure in Ethiopia. An appeal to the Italian people was adopted and a letter adopted unanimously, was sent to the League of Nations. The Congress concluded with the singing of the "Dandiera Rossa," (Red Banner).

World-wide response to Comrade Georgi Dimitroff's call for working class unity against war and fascism is growing. A trade union meeting of unskilled workers at a membership meeting in Stockholm gave its support to a telegram from the Communist International and the Red Labor Union International.

The Socialist and Communist Parties of France, after holding a meeting, issued a communique in

Action Demanded By Unions Despite Treachery

which both parties expressed their satisfaction at the decision of the trade union organizations to prevent transports of arms to Mussolini. In England the Oxford Trades and Labor Council passed a resolution calling for united action to stop all munitions, for joint action by the Communist and Socialist Internationals and for immediate closing of the Suez canal.

In England-America

The London Council of Shop Stewards of the Amalgamated Society of Woodworkers—representing thousands of building workers in London—demanded joint action of the two Internationals to stop the war. The East London Cab Branch of the Transport and General Workers' Union passed a resolution calling on the General Executive Council for an instruction to all members to refuse transport of goods to or from Italy.

In America the Central Committee of the Communist Party sent a letter to the Central Committee of the Socialist Party, meeting in Chicago, calling for the Socialists to take joint action against the war in Ethiopia.

Conference In S. F. to Build Labor Party

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 18.—First steps toward the building of a Labor Party will be taken here, next Wednesday night, Nov. 20 at the conference called by the United Labor Campaign Committee, which will convene in the Building Trades Temple at 8 p. m. Delegates from all of the unions and organizations comprising the United Front which placed a Labor Ticket on the ballot in the recent municipal election will participate as well as many other delegates not previously affiliated.

The United Labor Campaign Committee has issued calls to all local working class, liberal and professional groups urging them to elect delegates to the conference.

The conference will consolidate all the forces represented in the Labor Ticket and set up the permanent machinery necessary to draw in still other groups and to build toward the formation of a city-wide Labor Party and work toward a United Farmer and Labor Party on a state-wide scale.

The Farmer and Labor Party, as envisioned by the United Labor Committee, will differ from the organizational structure of capitalist parties inasmuch as it will be built on United Front principles. It will be comprised of every organization with anti-capitalist interests. The committee names four main objectives:

- 1—100 per cent unionization of labor.
- 2—Defense of democratic rights; against vigilantism and fascism.
- 3—Taxation of the rich.
- 4—Guarantees of a decent life to the unemployed.

Jews Deprived of Citizenship

(Continued from Page 1)

seignly been postponed, but will be applied after the Olympic Games.

Main provisions of the decree are:

- 1—Jews may not vote, hold public office, or be employed by the government.
- 2—Jews may not marry Aryans. In addition quarter-Jews, who may marry Aryans, may not marry Jews or even quarter-Jews.
- 3—Part Jews, not members of the Jewish faith, or married to Jews, may retain citizenship.
- 4—Employment of female Aryan servants under 35 by Jewish households is forbidden.
- 5—On questions of citizenship, etc., Hitler has final decision. He may also exempt individuals from the provisions of the decree.

The last provision is understood to be intended for millionaire supporters of the fascist regime, who have not been touched by racial prejudices aroused by the Nazis to hoodwink the German people.

NEW YORK.—(FP)—Nazi terror is directed not only against Jews, but against trade unionists, Catholics, Masons and Protestants as well. John J. Dolman, chairman of the Inter-Faith Committee to Move the Olympic Games, declared. Scoring the contention that the campaign to move the Olympics is a "Jewish issue," Dolman said: "American labor and American churches of all denominations have marked that lie, 'Made in Germany.'"

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 16.—Advertising their celebration of the 18th Anniversary of the Soviet Union, the Friends of the Soviet Union today issued their third "Anti-Hearst Examiner."

Constructive articles about the U.S.S.R. alternate with exposure of Hearst lies about the international working class.

The F. S. U. will celebrate the 18th anniversary with a Turkey dinner and "international program" on Thanksgiving Day, Nov. 28th, 2 p. m. to midnight, at the Sons of Herman Hall, 120 East 25th st., Los Angeles. Admission is 25 cents, and dinner 50 cents.

S. F. BARGEMEN FORCE MAJOR CONCESSIONS FROM "RIVER LINES" IN 3-MONTH STRIKE

Wage Increases, Overtime, and Right to Refuse Hot Cargo Are Among Gains

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 18.—Preferential hiring and major wage increases were won this week when the Bargemen's Union, after striking for more than three months, signed up with the River Lines, chief union-hating firm operating river boats.

The agreement was negotiated by representatives of the Bargemen and the employers and was not arrived at through arbitration. It affects the same men for whom Clyde "Dirty" Deal of the Ferryboatsmen Union last January signed an agreement "guaranteeing" a 12-hour day and little or no wage increases.

The agreement, which is one of 14 negotiated between bargemen and employers to date, provides, among other things:

1. One hundred dollars per month basic wage for a 26-day month.
2. All regular holidays; work on these holidays to be paid for at the rate of 45 cents per hour above the basic daily wage which amounts to \$3.85 per day; over ten hours, 85 cents per hour overtime in excess of ten hours.
3. Overtime on regular work days at the rate of 65 cents per hour; Sunday work at the \$3.85 rate with 45 cents per hour additional and 65 cents per hour overtime in excess of ten hours.
4. All former employees, members of the union, to be re-hired as rapidly as service requires and dispatching to be done through regular union channels at the Bargemen's Hall.

A further clause in the agreement provides that:

"It is further agreed that in the event that the employees refuse to work in, on, or about any docks,

piers, vessels, or cargo which have been declared unfair by any maritime labor organization, or where any maritime organization has established a picket line, such refusal by any employee to work shall not constitute a violation of this agreement.

Any work on tying up or casting loose, in addition to the usual 10-hour period shall be paid for at the rate of at least one hour overtime. Overtime pay, for the first hour, includes any fraction thereof with time divided into half hour units thereafter. Any work in excess of five hours without time out for means shall be paid for at time and one half of regular overtime rate. All loading and unloading of railroad cars shall be paid for at the regular 85-cents-per-hour wage.

Representatives of the union are to be allowed on the docks and aboard the vessels of the company. The agreements affect approximately 480 men here and in Sacramento and about 185 in the Stockton local of the union.

Ted Starr is president of the San Francisco local and was one of the union's main representatives during negotiations with the employers.

DEC. 14 NAMED FOR S. F. ANTI-WAR CONGRESS

(Continued From Page 1)

Prof. Robert Morris Lovett, Lincoln Steffens, Earl Browder, Roger Baldwin, Harry Bridges, C. A. Hathaway, Langston Hughes, Corliss Lamont, Ella Winter, and others.

SAN FRANCISCO CONGRESS

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 15.—With December 14-15 selected as the dates for the Northern California Conference, the American League against War and Fascism swung all its forces into action to build the most successful meet held to date.

For the next four weeks, League speakers will visit trade unions and other organizations throughout Northern California, urging their participation in the Conference and stressing the importance of Unity in action by all groups who would preserve peace and freedom.

Among additional endorsements received this week, were those from Rabbi Jacob J. Weinstein, Lincoln Steffens, Ella Winter and the Father Divine Mission.

The Conference will be held in the auditorium of the New Theater School, 960 Bush st.

DENVER CONGRESS

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 18.—The three-day Rocky Mountain Conference Against War and Fascism which convened here recently laid down plans for a militant program of action, to be directed by a Regional Committee, representative of participating groups. Paul Peterson, president of the Utah State Federation of Labor, was elected by the Conference as the official delegate to the third National Congress Against War and Fascism.

Resolutions of protest against the persecution of Angelo Herndon, the Gallup miners, and other victims of fascist reaction were adopted. A permanent Trade Union Committee, to carry on the work of bringing the trade unions into the struggle against war and fascism, was set up.

Senator Costigan of Colorado, unable to be present at the Conference, sent a telegram expressing his interest in the aims of the Conference and his best wishes for its success.

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U. S. Shipping Board Rescinds Order No. 125

PROTESTS AT RULING ON WAGES AND HOURS GETS RESULTS

(San Francisco Labor Council).

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 16.—In a letter to the San Francisco Labor Council, which was read to last night's session, the U. S. Shipping Board announced the rescinding of its order No. 125. This order, issued Oct. 17 to be effective Nov. 1, affected adversely the wages and working conditions of the licensed personnel on ships operated by the U. S. Shipping Board Corporation. It ignored contracts and awards under which the unions were working and brought a rousing protest from labor.

At its Nov. 1 meeting the Labor Council passed a protest resolution against this order, introduced by the Masters, Mates and Pilots No. 90.

A resolution of protest against the invasion of Ethiopia by Italy was introduced by the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union and was referred to the Law and Legislative Committee of the Council.

The Street Carmen, Division 518, donated \$25 to the Mooney defense and a like sum to the Modesto defense fund.

The Tilling Station Employees reported their demands had been endorsed by the A. F. of L. and referred to the local organizer for negotiations with the bosses. The membership of this union is "increasing rapidly," according to the delegates' report.

The Fur Workers announced that 99 per cent of the local shops were signed up.

PICKET BLOUSE MFR. IN LOCKOUT

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 18.—Twenty girls, members of International Ladies Garment Workers' Union, Local 101, were locked out of the Car's Models blouse manufacturing shop at 49 Fourth street last Wednesday, Nov. 13, and they are picketing the place daily, from 7:30 a. m. to 5 p. m.

They demand recognition of their union and return of the 35-hour week. Until September this shop worked 35 hours a week, with wages ranging from \$11 to \$22. Two months ago they were put on the 40-hour week, with no increase in pay and shortly afterwards an I.L.G.W. local was organized, with 20 out of 23 employees joining.

When the union representative called on the boss to open negotiations the latter was "out." Repeated requests for an interview got the same reply, "out." The manager, evidently believing the workers were not in the union, phoned them individually and asked them if they were. Finding the whole shop was organized the boss suddenly declared the lock-out.

FOREIGN NEWS Briefs

Holland Boycotts Olympics Rumanian Jews Fired Bus Drivers Strike Compulsory Theaters Soviets Report on Ten Months' Work

HOLLAND—Overruling the executive board of the union, the Netherlands Athletic Union, representing more than 300 associations, voted not to participate in the Berlin Olympic Games next year. A special meeting was called at which the athletes repudiated the action of their leaders in voting for participation.

American athletes will also be asked to boycott the Olympic Games because of racial discrimination practiced by the Nazis, at the annual meeting of the Amateur Athletic Union in December.

RUMANIA—Reports in Rumanian newspapers state that there have been wholesale dismissals of Jews by private enterprises as a result of a law requiring that preference in employment be given to Rumanians over aliens.

COSTA RICA—A general strike of bus drivers in San Jose, the capital of this Central American Republic, has tied up traffic completely. The drivers are striving to eliminate unfair competition and to standardize fares, and are picketing all roads and deflating tires on scab buses.

GERMANY—Nazi censorship has so debilitated artistic initiative that the theaters are suffering. Accordingly the mayor of Nordhausen has made Thursday a legally enforced "no-theater night." All other amusements are forbidden there, and citizens are urged to buy tickets even if they don't go to the show themselves, as a "sacrifice for the sake of the nation."

According to the mayor, "A new form of drama is being developed," which has apparently killed all desire to go to the theater.

SOVIET UNION—Larger production during ten months of this year than in the whole of 1934. That is the report of many leading industries in the Soviet Union. During ten months, 10,300,000 tons of steel were produced. Last year, 9,600,000 tons were produced for the whole year. Seventy-five thousand freight cars were produced in ten months compared to 29,600 in all of last year. Similar records have been set by scores of branches of industry, adding to the material prosperity of the Soviet worker and to the defensive strength of the country.

Seattle Ferry Boat Strikers Force One Company to Sign Up

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 16.—The first break in the front of the anti-union shipowners' resistance for the Ferryboatmen's Strike came late this week when Captain Howard Payne of the Ballard-Ludlow Ferry Co. signed up with the union.

The Ferryboatmen and the Masters, Mates and Pilots were still out 100 per cent. The strikers are asking \$70 per month, an 8-hour day and time and a half for overtime.

Several other employer groups were reported wavering this week. The men are militant and are fully determined to stay out until their demands are met by all companies involved.

Census of Japanese In San Diego Will Form Military List

SAN DIEGO, Calif., Nov. 12.—A census of Japanese is being taken here, it has been reported. E. Kawamura, secretary of the Japanese association is in charge, having been delegated by the Japanese consul in Los Angeles.

According to the report it is the first census since five years. Only Japanese born in Japan are being enumerated. American-born Japanese, are no longer registered in Japan. But native-born Japanese are subject to return to Japan for military service, and undoubtedly this is the reason the census is being taken. According to our report, many American-born Japanese, who were registered in Japan prior to 1924, are canceling their Japanese citizenship.

BISBEE MINERS BEAT FRAME-UP OF 22 STRIKERS

PHELPS DODGE SECURES
CONVICTION OF ONLY
ONE WORKER

By T. J. CROAFF, JR.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Nov. 1.—(P) Despite the stranglehold on Bisbee by the Phelps-Dodge Corporation, the mine workers have won a series of significant court victories during the past few months, defeating a systematic frame-up program of the bosses.

Early last summer the Bisbee miners voted to strike for union recognition and better conditions. Over 300 workers walked out. In an effort to break the workers' militancy, the Company hired professional sun thugs and scabs. The miners reacted by establishing a picket line, which was peaceful and orderly in the face of intimidation and provocation.

23 Arrested.

Failing to break the discipline of the workers on the picket line, the bosses incited several skirmishes off the properties which resulted in arrests of 23 of the most active strike leaders.

With 23 militants jailed, the Phelps-Dodge began oiling its judicial machinery to railroad these workers, but failed to reckon with the solidarity of other members of organized labor who responded with protests and financial support. Thomas J. Croaff, past president of the Arizona State Federation of Labor and former State Director of the U. S. Department of Labor, was sent officially by the Phoenix Central Labor Council and the International Labor Defense as defense attorney for the imprisoned workers.

With the solid support of the Arizona working class, eighteen of the jailed miners were released in subsequent preliminary hearings. The remainder of the cases were postponed until recently when Jack C. Cornett, charged with "aggravated battery," a felony, was brought to trial. Convicted by a Superior Court jury of hitting a scab, the charge was reduced to simple battery. Although Cornett has been in jail since June 26, he must serve another four months from the date of his sentence.

Court Victories.

Cornett's fellow defendants went to trial following his conviction. Grover Windsor, the second worker to be tried, was acquitted by the jury. Failure of jurors to reach a verdict in the case of Monte Reed caused the County attorney to move for the dismissal of charges against this defendant. The remaining two cases against J. T. Woods for aggravated battery, and William Day, president of the Bisbee Miners Union, who was charged with aggravated assault on a strikebreaker, were also dismissed.

While the Phelps-Dodge Corporation succeeded in temporarily suppressing the struggles of the Bisbee miners for better living conditions, organized labor was victorious in defending the well-planned frame-up of the bosses to railroad strike leaders to the state prison for long terms.

Social Standing Determines Hit- Runner's Penalty

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 18.—What happens to a hit-run driver depends on his social standing. Charles Alfred Moore, 19, a sailor on the U. S. S. Holland, discovered this when Judge Elmer Robinson sentenced him to one to five years for hit-run driving.

On the same day, in Judge Lyle T. Jacks' court, Ralph O. Marron, deputy state attorney general, was acquitted of a hit-run charge. But in his case a number of big-shots testified that it would be too bad to send a man of importance to a jail to which common sailors were sentenced, and any way they were friends of Marron.

Communist Party At L. A. To Help Organize Youth

PLEDGES SELF TO ORDER
500 COPIES OF Y.C.L.
PAPER

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 15.—

Meeting the challenge of fascism and militarization of the youth, the Los Angeles Section of the Communist Party today formulated plans for a mobilization drive on the South Side to gain recruits for the Young Communist League.

Acting in cooperation with the entire Los Angeles Y. C. L., four sub-sections of the Party will conduct a Red Sunday on December 1 for the purpose of gaining contacts for the Y. C. L., who will then be brought to an organization and recruiting meeting the following Thursday.

John Leach, section organizer, will lead the Party shock troops in this drive, and today issued a challenge to the San Francisco Section of the Party to a socialist competition for work among the youth.

Sub-sections to be mobilized in the drive are Manchester, Firestone, Goodyear and Centennial Valley, the comrades to work in close cooperation with the Y. C. L. comrades. One thousand copies of the Voice of Youth, together with appropriate pamphlets, will be distributed on this Red Sunday.

The Los Angeles Section of the Party further pledges to build up a standard handle order of 500 copies of each issue of the Voice of Youth, by Dec. 15th, in order to carry on consistent, organized work among the youth.

In view of the fact that the fascists in every country have concentrated on the youth and have won considerable masses of youth with demagogic promises," said Comrade Leach, "it is one of our most vital problems to reach the youth with our revolutionary program and to win them for active participation in the struggle against capitalism."

BOYCOTT
HEARST NEWSPAPERS!

SAN DIEGO LABOR COUNCIL HEAD RAPS SECURITY WAGES

Not Alone Wages But Family Status and
Standard of Living Are WPA Issues

SAN DIEGO, Calif., Nov. 12.—The following letter by President Harry C. Steinmetz, of the San Diego County Federated Trades and Labor Council, published in a local morning paper, gives the stand of Organized Labor here on the WPA "insecurity" wages:

"Authorized by the executive committee of the San Diego Federated Trades and Labor Council, I should like to attempt to inform your readers of the attitude of organized labor toward the WPA 'insecurity wage' problem. There is wide misunderstanding.

"Wages are not the main point at issue. We do not pretend ability to measure the capacity of government to support those who are unemployed through no fault of their own. However, since there is no private employment for the vast mass of the unemployed, we believe that employables should receive for relief labor more than subsistence wages.

"Several steps are necessary which have not yet been adequately taken. There will be no justice in the WPA set-up until adjustments are made with reference to (1) family status, (2) classification, (3) cost of living, and (4) hourly wage scale.

Illustrates Stand.

"This little incident illustrates the whole situation. Yesterday I gave a ride to a man returning from work on the college stadium and this is what he said in substance:

"I have a wife and five children, and I am getting the same pay as single fellows, less than many of them. I'm a skilled mechanic classified as a laborer; I've never swung a pick all day before and I can't stand it. I'm working full time for \$60 a month and it costs me 35 cents a day for transportation to and

from that d—n hole in the ground. My children have no clothes for the winter. I am being pushed into either crime or suicide."

"The only thing he overlooked was the sound economic prediction that the cost of living is going to rise.

"Will anyone argue that this man should not have an income in proportion to the size of his family, be better classified, have an income that moves with the cost of living, and have time to live with his family? Other government employes have these advantages; consider the navy. Paternalism must be fair, else it is despotism.

Rays 'Insecurity Wage.'

"But the main point at issue is the prevailing wage versus the 'insecurity wage.' Granting that \$55 to \$85 per month to each worker is all that can be paid, why should government set an example in stealing the time of the worker? The wage structure of organized labor has been built on 50 years of struggle, and no major construction in San Diego has been done save on the prevailing wage scale.

"We hear that San Francisco, Sacramento, New York, Ohio, and Illinois have reduced WPA working hours so that pay is in full accordance with prevailing wages. Why not in San Diego and all of California? Why should the common laborer work 120 hours for \$55 here and only 88 hours elsewhere? Organized labor is not harsh in judging that politics is being played with human misery.

"To persuade labor to vote for the Civic Center as a re-employment project and then to erect this structure with WPA wage scales is unfair. However, no strike or boycott is yet in effect save on an individual basis of principle."

Press Conference Prepares for Annual Western Worker Bazaar

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 18.—THE WESTERN WORKER has issued an appeal to raise \$7500 before March 14, to improve the paper and guarantee its regular appearance next year.

San Francisco is now preparing for the drive to raise its quota of \$2500. First step in this is the yearly bazaar which has become a revolutionary tradition in the Annual WESTERN WORKER drive, combining a revolutionary drive with pleasure. It will be held Dec. 27, 28 and 29, and will be climaxed by a grand ball on New Year's Eve.

To make this bazaar a success, the help of every organization and individual is needed. The following must be done immediately by each organization:

1. Send delegates to the Bazaar Press Conference, which meets every Friday from 7 to 8 p. m., at 121 Haight street.
2. Collect greetings for our Sou-

venir Program from organizations, business men and individuals.

3. Collect articles to be sold at the Bazaar, such as groceries, dry goods, etc.

4. Arrange a shower or pack-a-party in your locality before the bazaar.

Campaign headquarters on the second floor at 121 Haight street are open from 1 to 6 p. m. every day. Bring articles for the bazaar there.

7-Week Strike Ends

PUTNAM, Conn.—(FP)—An oral agreement between workers and management at the M. Salberg & Son silk mill in Putnam has ended the 7-week strike of the company's 200 employees. A wage scale was accepted by the workers on the promise that the mill would operate at full capacity for six or seven months, and that all strikers would be rehired.

Legion Forces Idaho U. to Ban L.I.D. Speakers

BOISE, Ida., Nov. 18.—The University of Idaho, at the instigation of American Legion leaders, has banned speakers for the League for Industrial Democracy (Socialist Student group) from its campus. The Legion claimed to have "positive information that the L.I.D. is a communistic organization."

Backing this repression of academic freedom, John Foreman, department commander of the Idaho American Legion said that any organization wanting to hear "Lectures by speakers of communistic tendencies should go out and hire a hall."

University Head 'Censures' Eight For War Protest

U. C. L. A. PROVOST WOULD
SUPPRESS FREEDOM
OF EXPRESSION

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 16.—Because they demonstrated against imperialist war on November 8th in an off-campus meeting, eight students of the University of California at Los Angeles were today "placed under censure" by official notification of H. M. Showman, registrar of the university.

Pursuing a policy of complete suppression of student thought and expression, the university administration has established a system of stool-pigeons on the campus to watch students and professors suspected of even liberal leanings.

The note, mailed to the eight students, is as follows:

"By action of the Vice President (E. C. Moore) of the University of California at Los Angeles, you have been placed under censure for promoting unauthorized meeting on the campus after having been warned that it was a violation of a University regulation. You are warned that any irregularity on your part in the future will automatically sever your connection with the University.

"Very truly yours,

"H. M. Showman, Registrar."

Two students were cited for chalking blackboards with notices of the anti-war demonstration, four for "promoting" the demonstration, one for distributing leaflets, and the other for "talking about" the demonstration. The latter student was trailed all over the campus by one of Provost Moore's campus "red squad" of police, who reported he heard the student answer a question as to the location of the demonstration.

All eight students were previously called into Provost Moore's office and "warned"—before the demonstration had taken place and before any of the asserted "overt acts" were said to have taken place.

Workers and other students are urged to protest to Moore about

Repeal of Sales Tax Demanded By Colo. Communists

STATE OFFICIALS SPEND
\$300,000 BUT NOT TO
AID JOBLESS

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 12.—A resolution demanding that Governor Ed C. Johnson call a special session of the State Legislature to repeal the state sales tax, and to substitute an income tax for the raising of revenue to provide adequate relief for "unemployables" has been issued and widely distributed in the form of a handbill by the Communist Party of the Denver Section.

Pointing out that more than \$300,000 raised by the sales tax in Colorado since it was instituted, instead of being used to provide state relief for the unemployed and old age pensions, has been used by Governor Johnson and the Board of Equalization "for administrative purposes" thereby lowering the taxes of the big corporations and wealthy land owners, the resolution-leaflet reveals that the small home owners have not benefited because they have had to pay more in sales taxes than was saved for them in the property tax. The sales tax was forced upon the people of Colorado on the excuse that it was to be used exclusively for old age pension and relief purposes, yet \$200,000 of the sales tax money has been misappropriated by the State government, while relief has been mercilessly slashed and thousands of destitute "unemployables" are starved to death on relief rolls entirely and abandoned to starvation.

Cec'y. Under Fire.

The State Legislature is now meeting, having been called in extraordinary session by Governor Johnson for the impeachment of James H. Carr, sec'y. of State, accused of "malfeasance" for an alleged shakedown in the liquor department which was under his jurisdiction. Carr was impeached by the House of Representatives and was to have gone on trial before the Senate tomorrow. His resignation from office tonight will make the trial unnecessary and the special session will probably be adjourned tomorrow.

For the general assembly to consider the repeal of the sales tax and the enactment of an income tax for unemployment relief at this time, it would be necessary for Governor Johnson to issue a call for another extraordinary session.

A letter calling for another special session to consider the problems of "unemployable" relief and old age pensions, signed by 39 members of the general assembly, has been sent to Governor Johnson by Representative Thomas W. Nevitt of Denver.

This action, and also to demand that the Board of Regents repeal the infamous "March 22 Regulation," adopted by the board last spring, which prohibits any student expression whatsoever. The National Students League is leading the attack against the fascization of the university.

EAST OF THE Rockies

WPA Strike Pension Bill Gyp Chain Stores Struck New England Labor Party

MINEOLA, N. Y.—(FP)—Attempts to impose "security wage" on skilled building trades workers on Long Island WPA projects have led to a strike involving 2000. Flying squadrons are expected to bring out 3000 more employees. The strike was called by the Mineola Building Trades Council, which seeks union wages of \$180 for 120 hours' work, in place of \$93.50 offered.

AUSTIN, Tex.—(FP)—A joker in Texas' proposed old age pension bill will permit discrimination against aged Negroes and Mexicans, citizens' charge. While it does not specifically mention race, a clause agreed on in a conference committee of a special legislative session provides for adjustment of pension payments "in keeping with the accustomed standard of living of the applicant."

It is an open secret that this clause will be used to squeeze Negro and Mexican pension recipients down to next to nothing, as the maximum monthly payment for anyone will be \$15. Other provisions are being inserted into the bill to cut down the number of eligibles from 283,199 to 62,933.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—(FP)—Three hundred Kroger stores and the St. Louis warehouse of the large mid-western grocery chain are being picketed by members and sympathizers of Warehouse Employees Union, Local 667.

Following the example set in the recent gas house workers' strike, a daily strike bulletin is being issued for distribution to members, and the public. The strike is also being directed against Bigley Wigley stores, which in the St. Louis area are a subsidiary of the Kroger Grocery and Baking Co.

Kroger's warehouse employees are striking for increased wages to meet increased living costs, full seniority rights to prevent discrimination against union members, and a closed shop working agreement. Expiration of the old contract had been seized on by the company to cancel seniority rights and increase weekly hours from 41 to 48.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—(FP)—A conference for the formation of a permanent New England Labor Party Committee was planned at a preliminary meeting of trade unionists, called by Vice President Francis J. Gorman of the United Textile Workers of America and leader of the Labor Party forces at the recent American Federation of Labor convention.

NEW YORK.—(FP)—Mrs. Jacob Riis, widow of the noted philanthropist, has accepted the post of treasurer of the Consumers' Research New York Strike Aid Committee. The American Federation of Labor has contributed \$300 to the strike fund of Technical, Editorial and Office Assistants Union, Local 20055, members of which are C. R. strikers.

NEW YORK.—(FP)—Efforts of employers in children's dress shops to increase hours from 37 1/2 to 40 a week and reduce wages have been answered by a vote authorizing officers of the International Ladies Garment Workers Union, Local 91 to call out 8000 workers, if negotiations fail.

Street Sweepers Not Paid, So L. A. Faces Danger of Disease

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 12.—Potential source of disease and contagion, filth and debris continued to foul the streets of Los Angeles here today, as a political controversy continued to tie up funds to pay street sweepers.

For two weeks County Supervisor John Anson Ford, alleged progressive, and the City Council have fought over who gets the "blame" for the dirty streets, while the health menace to hundreds of thousands of working class and middle class people continues.

In Hollywood and in Boyle Heights, workers have gone out in broom brigades to clean up the streets in their neighborhood to end the health menace. A protest meeting is being organized in Boyle Heights.

Led by Ford, the County Supervisors are refusing to allot gas tax money to the city until the City Council assures them that streets in their own districts are re-surfaced and that the money will not be used for street sweeping.

BOYCOTT
HEARST NEWSPAPERS!

Seventh World Congress and the United Front

By WM. SCHNEIDERMAN.

Article 3.—

The urgent need for establishing a united working class front against fascism was made especially clear by the experiences in Germany and other countries, where fascism came to power. It was due to the split in the ranks of the German working class, brought about by the policy of the Social-Democratic Party leadership which rejected the united front and did not mobilize the masses to struggle against fascism, that Hitler was able to come to power and inflict a temporary defeat on the working class. The majority of the German workers followed the Social-Democratic Party leadership which rejected the united front and did not mobilize the masses to struggle against fascism, that Hitler was able to come to power and inflict a temporary defeat on the working class. 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Jobless Jottings

By the Boondoggler (L. A.)

Directors and stooges of the State Chamber of Commerce, parked their fat buttocks in the plush cushions of the Biltmore and between stuffing their gullets with food and gulping liquor, left off pawing their stenographers long enough to spend some time in solemn sessions, dishing out plans on how to increase undernourishment, prostitution and suicide among the working class.

No little fretting was occasioned by the unity of interests and growing militancy being expressed by the organized social workers, alongside the organized unemployed that has thus far been instrumental in preventing the ending or cutting of SERA in California.

Plans were advanced to place groups of unemployed in tent and cabin camps at locations removed from centers of population. The number in each camp to be restricted to between 200 and 300 people, so as to be better able to prevent those camps from becoming the stopping places of dangerous "reds" and "troublesome" "radicals."

Out of the corridors of the Biltmore, fouled by the presence of bunches of belly robbers swept the stench of fascism on Armistice Night.

Members of the police department, accompanied by officers of the Legion stood in the flag draped portals and were heard prompting Sailors and Marines to seek out and attack any Communist that might be found on the streets or in Pershing Square.

Twenty Sailors and Marines, in uniform, went staggering through different discussion groups in the Square calling on those present to "... point out the 'reds' who were talking for 'Rocasia' and against the constitution" ...

"Reds" were present but not a hand was lifted nor a finger pointed by even their erstwhile opponents ...

This drunken handful of sailors and marines pursued the "reds", they could not distinguish, until one of their number, a Marine Sergeant, collapsed from an overdose of anti-Communist propaganda mingled with Biltmore booze.

After being wallowed in the dirt for 45 minutes by his companions who sought to revive him and failed, a police ambulance was called and he was taken to the Receiving Hospital.

Chief Davis had better look to his laurels. It seems he has a rival in the person of one of his own officers, who, filled with liquor, Hearstian Americanism, and sporting a Hitler mustache, was observed at 11:30 Armistice night in front of the B-hotel beating his chest, cursing the communists, declaring his patriotism, calling on all and sundry if they wished to avoid having hell knocked out of them to shout out their Americanism ...

Oh yes, Chief, we almost forgot, in case you would like to promote the officer (for his good work) ... His number is ... 176 ...

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BRUCE BLIVEN PRESENTS SOME FOGGY THOUGHT

LIKES A UNITED FRONT AGAINST FASCISM—IN FRANCE!

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 14.—Disapproval of the United Front because "I do not believe in copying the Socialists and Communists in France or in any other European country," was expressed here last night to a WESTERN WORKER reporter by Bruce Bliven, managing editor of The New Republic.

Asked during the question period following his talk on "International Relations," what he thought of the Front Populaire in France and the use of similar tactics in the United States, Bliven ducked the American issue in replying:

"I will say that one of the most hopeful, if not the most hopeful signs in Europe today is the United Front in France. They are effectively operating, and I think they will come into control at the next elections by parliamentary methods. If they do, it will be the most terrific set-back to Fascism."

Cornered at the meeting, Bliven said: "I am in favor of a party (in America) including everybody who wishes to come in—a universal front. Not that I dislike the term United Front, but this party should be formed with labor and the farmers at its center, as they are 90 per cent of us."

Bliven did not identify this party as a Farmer-Labor Party.

Asked if he thought the U. S. would go Communist or Fascist, he replied with the question, "Must it go either way? The United States will not go 100 per cent either Communist or Fascist, because people in this country never go 100 per cent in either way."

Asked what he thought about Father Coughlin and Huey Long movements, he replied: "I am in favor of any Utopias, because they are better than what we have today. It means plans, which is better than no plans, although I would not believe in any Utopias until I have seen them work."

Throughout his speech, which was an Open Forum feature, Bliven showed that he still has the confused liberal approach to the ever more serious and vital problems of the world, with an inability to drive at any concrete solution.

Application Cards Bring Jail Threat On Handbill Law

DOLLAR CO. LOST MONEY IN PEDRO FIGHT

By a Worker Correspondent.
LOMITA, Calif.—Officials of the Soap and Edible Oil Workers' Union have protested the building of a stockade around the plant of the Vegetable Oil Products Company in Wilmington. Furthermore Union representatives have been threatened by special agents patrolling the plant. When the union men tried to hand application cards to the workers they were threatened with jail under the handbill ordinance.

These special police have no business patrolling city streets, for they are not members of the police department. They are the same hired gunmen that were used last year during the longshore strike.

For the past four days (up to Nov. 8) the President Harrison Dollar Liner, bound for the Orient, has been laid up in Pedro. When she was loaded and ready to clear port the sailors pulled a strike because of non-union members of the stewards department and bad food. For four days she was tied up.

On the fifth day the President Lincoln was brought from Frisco with a Union crew and the same longshoremen who loaded the Harrison unloaded her and transferred cargo to the Lincoln, at considerable expense to the company and delay of passage. The Lincoln is a larger ship with a bigger crew and more expensive to run.

This is a new tactic used by shipping companies to try to break a union which only resulted in more expense for the company.

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Buys and sells new and used clothing. He also cleans and presses and repairs clothing.
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WAR HEROES HOCK THEIR GLORY PINS

HOLLYWOOD, Calif. Nov. 19.—Distinguished service medals of all nations bestowed upon the "heroes" of the last World War are purchased by the shovel full in Hollywood at \$1.50 a piece and used in jingo pictures to incite hysteria for another war. Decorations which cost the owner an arm or a leg, have found their way into hock shops for enough to buy a bowl of warm soup. Medals which were pinned onto empty sleeves find their way to the panting chests of screen romances.

Merced Farmers Force Decision On Prorate Law

ORGANIZED ACTION WINS VICTORY FOR SWEET POTATO GROWERS

MERCED, Calif., Nov. 13.—Declaring the California Agricultural Prorate law unconstitutional and branding it class legislation, Judge E. N. Rector this week released Anthony Silveira, Merced county sweet potato grower, and John Churin, Palo Alto truck driver, on writs of habeas corpus filed by Attorney George Andersen.

The men were arrested several weeks ago for alleged violation of prorate regulations. The prorate law is used by big growers against the small farmers and allows the former to profit through use of so-called restriction of production and distribution.

Two weeks after the first hearing on the case the small farmers of this county decided that time enough had elapsed to allow a decision on the constitutionality of the law to be handed down. On Nov. 4 they organized and proceeded to ship sweet potatoes in open violation of the prorate regulations.

Hearing of the proposed action authorities appeared at the Atwater railway station where approximately 40 farmers had lined up with crates of sweet potatoes, and armed with warrants previously sworn out, arrested six farmers.

The farmers demanded that they

You Might As Well Go West, Young Man



BY BEAU VINCENT

REVOLUTION IS A RIGHT OF THE PEOPLE, ACCORDING TO LINCOLN

SUPPRESSION OF REACTIONARIES IS IN ORDER

Abraham Lincoln, speaking in Congress, Jan. 12, 1848, said in part:

"Any people, anywhere, being inclined and having the power, have the right to rise up and shake off the existing government and form a new one that

either be all arrested or all released. Warrants were then sworn out for an additional 26 and the whole group was dragged into court of Justice of Peace W. H. Osborn of Atwater for alleged violation of the law.

Since the effect of Judge Rector's decision is to nullify the law in Merced County, charges against the 26 have been dismissed. Meanwhile the California Supreme Court will be asked to make final decision in the matter.

suits them better. This is a most valuable, a most sacred right—a right which we hope and believe is to liberate the world. Nor is this right confined to cases in which the whole people of an existing government may choose to exercise it. Any portion of such people that can may revolutionize, putting down a minority, intermingled with or near about them, who may oppose this government. Such a minority was precisely the case of the Tories of our own Revolution. It is a quality of Revolutions not to go by old lines or laws; but to break up both, and make new ones."

From "Addresses and Letters of Abraham Lincoln," Nicolay and Hay—Vol. 1, page 105.

WE MUST GET MY FRIENDS OUT BEFORE THEY DIE IN JAIL, IS PLEA OF WORKER JUST FREED

JOSEPH TOTH DESCRIBES COURAGE OF POLITICAL PRISONERS IN LINCOLN HEIGHTS JAIL

LOS ANGELES, Calif., Nov. 12, 1935.

DEAR COMRADES:

On June 1, 1934, about 2000 of the unemployed of this city gathered in front of the offices of the Board of Supervisors, to protest against the very poor relief conditions, and to demand cash relief. We were then getting grocery baskets with the usual beans, mouldy cheese, wormy cereal, etc., and sometimes work orders to clear the Griffith Park hillsides or dump sand from one side of the river bottom to the other.

The crowd elected six of us to take their demands to the supervisors. McShann, a Negro, was elected spokesman. When we got inside, the supervisors refused to hear us and ordered us out.

We went back to the crowd and McShann got on the running board of a car to tell the crowd what happened, and to ask them to keep order.

Railroaded.

He hardly began to speak when the police attacked him. The crowd tried to protect him and a fight started. Six of us were arrested.

After I was booked at the police station, McShann was brought in, his hands cuffed behind him. Four policemen jumped on him and began beating him up. Two other cops beat me with their fists and cut my face open.

We were tried before Judge Crum and a prejudiced jury. I was sentenced to 15 months. The case was appealed.

Pending the new trial my bail was set at \$3000 and on McShann \$5000. Before the bail could be raised, we were in jail five months. During this time, we organized a prison cooperative and held educational meetings in the tank, winding them up with the singing of the International. A link reported us, and McShann and I got solitary confinement for about 79 days.

House of Horror.

At the new trial, my sentence was reduced to six months. The high court said that all four charges were the same but worded differently.

When we came back to jail to begin our sentences the lieutenant told us we would not be given any work, no time off for good behavior and no communicative literature. However, they gave no literature at all.

I served my entire sentence cooped up in one tank with dope fiends and drunks, without any exercise or fresh air. They kept up a continual screaming and banging of the bunks. It was impossible to sleep. One gouged an eye out and another almost beat his brains out. They didn't even let us walk out in the corridors with the other inmates. Money orders from the International Labor Defense were not delivered to us. It was impossible to eat the food they served us. The hash would be green with mould, the beans sour and the cereal mostly all water. It was only the food the I.L.D. sent us that kept us alive.

"Red Flag Will Fly."

When it came time for my release the officials called me into the front office the day before I was due out, and asked me if there would be any one waiting for me the next day. (When Tenny was released after serving three months, he was greeted by a big demonstration.) I said, "You're damned right. There will be red banners flying in front of this jail tomorrow." I was released that very afternoon, a day ahead of time.

My friends McShann, Hendricks and Sanders are still in that terrible jail. McShann still has 14 months to serve; Hendricks has 16 and a half months and Sanders has four and a half months. McShann's back is badly injured from the police beating and he is deaf in one ear because they kept him in the "hole" while he was sick with flu. Hendricks is coughing blood. If they are not released soon they will not live out their sentences.

I think the I. L. D. for what they did for me. And now we must work hard to get my friends out before they die in jail.

Comradely yours,
Joseph Toth.

Union members: Raise the question of having your delegate to the Central Labor Council support recognition of unemployed organizations.

WHERE TO GO

ORGANIZATIONS! Get big crowds to your affairs. Advertise them here. Low rates—7c a line, in advance!

San Francisco

SEE "WAITING FOR LEFTY", November 21, 22, 23, 24, at 960 Bush Street. Curtain 8:40 p. m.

KEEP THIS DATE OPEN

Christmas Eve, a 779 Vallejo Affair. Dance, Entertainment, Games. Admission 15c. Benefit: Christmas Relief for Political Prisoners.

ICOR BAZAAR. Fri., Sat. and Sun., Nov. 29, 30 and Dec. 1, at 1740 O'Farrell St. Merchandise of every description. Meals and Short Orders.

THANKSGIVING BARNYARD

Raffle and Dance, Sunday, November 24, 779 Vallejo street. Admission 15 cents. Auspices Literature Department, Communist Party North Beach Sub-section.

DANCE AND BAZAAR, Saturday, December 7, 8:00 p. m., Druids Hall, 44 Page street. Benefit Criminal Syndicalism victims. Union music. Prizes. Auspices: Conference for Repeal of C. S. Act.

DANCE EVERY WED. AND SAT NITE, 121 Haight st., at 8:00 o'clock. Different surprises every Wed. and Sat. nite. Admission 15 cts. Auspices Music Club and House Committee.

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Los Angeles

Workers forum, 230 S. Spring St., L. A., Every Sunday night—8 p.m. Admission ten cents.

I. L. D. CONCERT, Saturday, Nov. 30, at Mason Opera House. Notice: No other affair should be arranged on that date.

FOURTH ANNUAL WESTERN WORKER PRESS BAZAAR, Weekend of Dec. 13-14-15, Los Angeles Cultural Center, 230 So. Spring street.

SAT., DEC. 28TH WILL BE the Japan Night (Rodo Shimbun). Watch further announcements.

FREE SOVIET FILM SHOWING "DESERTER", SAT. nite, 8 o'clock. Coop Aud., 842 So. Main street.

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Preparing a Calamity for Labor in Oakland

"DISASTER" PREPAREDNESS TO SUBJUGATE A CITY AND CRUSH ALL MAJOR STRIKES

Fiction—But a Sober Portrayal of the Possibilities Contained in the East Bay Plan To Handle "Emergencies"

I.
"A major disaster is any situation which threatens the lives, health, well-being and/or property of the residents of the city and has become or threatened to become beyond the maximum capacity of the municipal government to control and/or the ordinary social forces of the city to alleviate. It may be a readily-recognizable calamity or it may be a SPECIAL EMERGENCY DECLARED BY GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY."—Definition of a "disaster" as applied to Resolution No. 2827, adopted by the Council of the City of Oakland, Calif., July 3, 1934, in which there is set up a Major Disaster Coordination Committee with full authorization to prepare a Major Disaster Protective and Relief Plan.

II.
"Gentlemen, I am authorized by the Governor to state that tomorrow's papers will carry the news we have hoped for all day. A State of Emergency exists. The Governor has listened to our pleas. There is no doubt that had he waited another 24 hours before declaring this State of Emergency, all of Northern California would be in the grip of the radicals who are trying to destroy American civilization. But, thank Heaven, we are saved that fate. The great and historic work we started in July, 1934, when, under the Disaster Plan Resolution, the City of Oakland was given a practical plan for the instant mobilization of all available municipal, civilian and volunteer forces to ward off disaster, is now to bear fruit.

"There are those trouble-makers, those fault-finders, who say that we put this plan over under the guise of its being a earthquake plan. But these petty folk do not realize that many of us who were most active in its promulgation had in mind a political earthquake no less than a physical one. That political earthquake is now upon us, and we have the honor, as representative citizens of this commonwealth, to lead the mobilization of all available forces against it.

Mayor's Orders.

"There is no time to lose, gentlemen. I have called you to this meeting of the extended Coordination Committee, to impress upon you two things: We must get our apparatus functioning quickly; and we must make it function effectively.

"As Mayor of the City of Oakland, I now call upon the chairman of each of the three divisions of our body—the municipal, the civilian, and the volunteer—to mobilize their forces at once. The stenographer at my elbow will make available the contents of this executive order within a half an hour. Meanwhile, you can take

notes and get your preliminary phoning to your chief lieutenants done.

That "Red Menace".

"You, Mr. Chairman of the Municipal branch of the Disaster Council: I hereby make demand upon you that you instruct your police department to patrol the waterfront, to break up all gatherings of three or more persons, and to arrest all known agitators. Also, see to it that your fire department demolishes without delay the various radical headquarters, union halls, and other places in which malcontents gather.

"The utilities department must at once take over the operation of gas, light and water. The members of your transport division must report for duty at once to man every street car and bus in the city.

"The health department must stand by to resuscitate those who fall in the battle with the radicals and aliens who are leading the picket lines in this un-American strike. The supply department will at once get its standard commissary ready so as to serve those on the battlefield, and the housing department must prepare all available public buildings for a large influx of patriotic workers who are tonight being transferred from the relief and works progress rolls of adjacent counties and who will begin coming in to the industrial centers by the time you awake tomorrow.

"These patriotic workers will be obliged to serve under strike conditions, which is to say that they will bravely risk their lives in defense of the God-given right of Americans to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

For Scab Transportation.

"You, Mr. Chairman of the Civilian branch of our body, I hereby make demand upon you that you at once set your eight committee chairmen into motion, and



"... I hereby make demand upon you that you entrust your police department to patrol the waterfront, to break up all gatherings of three or more persons, and to arrest all known agitators. . . ."

that you request of them, in the field of transport, an immediate mobilization of all available civilian-owned automobiles. This fleet you will direct in coordination with the fleet of buses and street cars at the disposal of the chairman of the Municipal Division.

"You will further see that all available private housing is put at the disposal of the coordination committee. Your clothing and bedding department commissioners will meet with the officers in charge of camp administration. The camps are to be used first as temporary barracks for the out-of-town workers, and later as overflow housing facilities. They will be under government guard, and the workers will have armed convoys to and from work. You will see to it that the head of your medical aid group sets up at once medical aid stations at each of the trouble centers: the waterfront, the bridge terminal, the railway terminals, etc.

"You will also at once call in your commissary committee, and ask them to plan for the procurement, distribution, preparation and serving of food. The number of meals, the places and manner of serving will depend upon the number of strikebreakers being fed, and the conditions under which they are obliged to work. This information the head

of the commissary committee will obtain through the hourly report of the coordination committee, with whom you are to ask him to keep in constant touch.

The Bosses Need the Youth and Money Mobilized.

"A central registry and directory service, now already functioning temporarily in the city manager's office, will be under your supervision. All present are asked to stop there after adjournment of this meeting and give full information as to where, at any hour of the day or night, each can be located. A corps of messenger boys, recruited from the various youth organizations, will function with and as a part of this service. Consider carefully the reliability of every boy admitted to this branch of our work.

"Last, the heads of each of your eight committees will meet one hour from now with the finance committee. There each of them will make preliminary estimates as to financial needs. The finance committee under you, Mr. Chairman of the Civilian Division, is to be charged with the heavy and exacting responsibility of raising the finances without which the Disaster Plan cannot operate. They must understand that this is an emergency upon the outcome of which depends the entire future

of industry in this region. Their failure would imperil not simply the representative citizens of Oakland and California, but would strike the most deadly of blows at our country and at the very idea of democracy itself.

Civilian Division.

"You, Mr. Chairman of the Volunteer Division, are to organize the forces already at your disposal along lines similar to those of the two divisions dealt with. Wherever possible, you are to eliminate the duplicating of services by a direct tie with the existing functioning committees. You are further to extend your division through an immediate and intensive campaign for further support, for an increase in personnel.

"Gentlemen, there is one point left.

"On the twelfth day of November, 1935, being subjected to considerable pressure, the City Council of Oakland passed Resolution No. 3872 C.M.S., which added a paragraph to the Official Major Disaster Protective and Relief Plan of the City of Oakland adopted by Resolution No. 3077 C.M.S. This paragraph, to satisfy those malcontents who would like to have everything in their own hands, stated, 'It is not intended in this plan to grant any power or authority to this committee that is by Statute or Ordinance delegated to regularly constituted authorities.'

Capital's Stroke to Set Up Vigilante Rule.

"Tonight, prior to the present meeting, a special meeting of the City Council was called for the express purpose of suspending this paragraph, pending a final rescinding of it, as a means of clarifying the question of authority under the Plan.

"I am advised by the City Attorney that paragraph III of Resolution No. 3077, C.M.S. is now in force. Subject only to the government, this gives the coordination committee 'supreme authority.' 'The acts of the committee,' to quote from the resolution itself, 'are ostensibly the acts of the Mayor as titular head of the City.'

"Do not spare yourselves, gentlemen. The issues are clear. The dark forces of radicalism are attempting to overthrow the American government. Alien isms are

combating Americanism. The issues of Democracy versus Dictatorship, Christianity versus Communism, Civilization versus Chaos, are before us. I trust you to do your part."

III.

"According to Marx, the state is an organ of class domination, an organ of oppression of one class by another; its aim is the creation of 'order' which legalizes and perpetuates this oppression by moderating the collisions that occur between the classes."—Lenin, "State and Revolution."

"In contradistinction to German fascism, which acts under anti-constitutional slogans, American fascism tries to portray itself as the custodian of the constitution and 'American democracy.' Dinitroff, 'Working Class Unity—Bulwark Against Fascism.' Report to the Seventh World Congress of the Communist International.

SPECIAL SHOW OF "LEFTY" FOR MARINE UNIONS

THANKSGIVING PERFORMANCE FOR WATERFRONT

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 18.—"Waiting for Lefty", the Clifford Odets' play, which is going into its fourth week at the New Theater, 960 Bush street, will be shifted to California Hall, Turk and Polk street, on Thanksgiving Eve for a special performance for the benefit of the "Voice of the Federation", official organ of the Maritime Federation of the Pacific Coast.

Starting this week, "Waiting for Lefty" will be produced four nights weekly, every Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday, at the New Theater instead of the three-night schedule previously adhered to.

For the benefit performance on Thanksgiving Eve, a special program is being arranged by the staff of the Voice of the Federation to precede the play. Afterwards there will be general dancing. Tickets are now being sold for the affair by members of the unions incorporated in the Maritime Federation.

Circulate the Western Worker in your union and fraternal organizations.

ON THE LABOR DEFENSE FRONT

Judge Lazarus Thinks Famous Attorney Is "Impertinent and Ignorant"

By Peters.

Nov. 22, 10 a. m., Judge Robinson's court: Anita Whitney, perjury.
Nov. 25, 11 a. m., Judge Lazarus' court: Attorney Leo Gallagher et al, hearing to set continuation date.
Dec. 9, 10 a. m., Judge Jacks' court: Archie Brown, Julius Canales, Francisco Jimenez, Natalio Villi, murder.

The sudden illness of Elaine Espinoza, who do you think was happiest to hear of their acquittal? Well, the rejoicing that went on behind bars in the county cell when an L.L.D. representative carried the news to the men awaiting trial on charges of murder next month must have brought down some sort of penalty upon their heads.

She was seized with an attack of appendicitis on the eve of the day set for closing arguments and an immediate operation was advised.

Inasmuch as Miss Black had been defending herself, Attorney Leo Gallagher, another of the defendants, who was also acting as counsel for the others on trial, refused to take the responsibility of representing Miss Black in her absence.

Judge Lazarus has continued to exhibit unprecedented prejudice against the defendants, his animus finally betraying itself in a personal attack upon Attorney Gallagher in which he declared, "You are mean, impertinent and ignorant. I don't know how you were ever admitted to the bar."

Amusing, if not so deplorable, was the honorable judge's admission shortly after he had called Gallagher "ignorant." A point of law was being argued and Judge Lazarus dismissed it airily. "No use bringing in the law," he said. "I boast that I never open a law book."

At the outset of the trial, Judge

Lazarus gave specific instructions that Communism was not to be drawn into it. However, when the prosecutor had finished cross-examining Miss Black on the witness stand Thursday, Judge Lazarus, dissatisfied with the prosecutor's result, took over her cross-examination himself, attempting to make capital out of her connection with the International Labor Defense as district secretary in order to prejudice the jury.

After Pete Garcia and Pablo Espinoza, who do you think was happiest to hear of their acquittal? Well, the rejoicing that went on behind bars in the county cell when an L.L.D. representative carried the news to the men awaiting trial on charges of murder next month must have brought down some sort of penalty upon their heads.

The prosecutor in Garcia's case declared that there was no evidence to show they were guilty of a felony, or even a misdemeanor, in his closing arguments and Judge Robinson set a new high for justice in San Francisco courts by giving the jury instructions tantamount to a directed verdict for acquittal.

Following Garcia's acquittal, the case against Espinoza was immediately dismissed.

Comrades, write Louise Todd. She set out Friday for Tehachapi and the one to 14 years that lie ahead of her there. The best years of her youth.

After you have written her, go to Judge Robinson's court next Friday at 10 a. m. to give your support to Anita Whitney, who faces trial on the same charge Louise went to prison on—perjury.

Indeed, we can use the children's sweaters, Comrade I. M., Menlo Park, for our rummage sale. In the Christmas boxes we end all new presents.

Health and the Class Struggle

By FRANKLIN, E. BISSELL, M. D.

NEEDS GLASSES

Menlo Park, Calif.

Dear Comrade: Our ten-year-old is having headaches all the time; took the eye test at school. The pain is in the forehead and eyes. They are blood-shot at times and the lids are red and puffy looking inside; sometimes pus. She is normal in weight and other tests at school.

Had a "boil" under the right eye-lid; did not hurt and soon cleared up.

Comradely I. M.

ANSWER: Your child is probably suffering from defective eyesight and needs glasses. Do not be satisfied by simple tests of near and far vision, but demand that her eyes be tested for astigmatism, also. This is a disease in which the vision is blurred, sometimes only slightly, both for near and distant objects.

The "boil" and the redness often come with defective eyesight when too much strain is put on the eyes.

SURGICAL TREATMENT FOR RED TAPE

It is easier to give the unemployed the run-around in the medical relief agencies than elsewhere, partly because their resistance when sick is low, but largely because they naturally do not know what sort of diagnostic procedures and what treatment they should have.

In order to stop this shameful torturing of the sick, the Alameda County Federation of Unemployed and Allied Organizations is starting a clinic to guide its members through the maze of red tape which stands between the unemployed and decent medical care. "John Jones" has a vague sort of pain in his back and feels completely fagged out most of the time. After waiting for hours at the public clinic, he is finally admitted to see a doctor who gives him a lightning examination and makes a snap diagnosis. Whereupon, he gives Jones a powder to take, which probably contains nothing but baking-soda and sugar, and sends him away. Jones is worse off than before because of the long wait in the draughty waiting room.

After suffering for several months, he hears of the Unemployed Federation clinic, joins a local of the Public Works and Unemployed Union and goes with some other members to the workers' clinic. There, Jones is given a short examination by the doctor, who dictates a letter to the county clinic saying that he needs a urine examination, a basal-metabolism test, and a gastric analysis. Together with a large group of others from the Federation clinic and led by a member of the

Medical-Dental committee, Jones goes to the county clinic the next day.

There the clinic employees scurry to and fro to get the patients started on the needed tests or in to see the right doctor.

Jones is given the demanded laboratory work and it is found that he has a lack of thyroid gland as well as an infection in his kidneys. He is immediately placed on the right treatment by the county clinic doctor and, begins to feel 100 per cent better. However, this doesn't last long and he soon is feeling ill again. So he returns to the Federation clinic for a check-up and the doctor decides he needs another urine examination for a possible change in the treatment. This Jones gets from the county clinic and they change his treatment properly so that he gets well.

Such is an example of the way in which our clinic will operate. It will not attempt to treat or even properly diagnose any cases. It will guide the patients in the right direction, which is what is most needed.

The unemployed in Alameda County receive better medical and dental care than in any other county in the state because of the constant fight waged by the Federation of Unemployed and Allied Organizations. The relief officials, especially the S.E.R.A., are trying to break the influence of the Federation. The clinic idea is the Federation's answer to these attacks.

L. A. THEATER GROUP PRESENTS "Formation Left"

A play by Mildred Ashe and Jeff Kibre, shown at the Musart. A portrayal of the problems facing the jobless and how those problems can be solved. Staged by the Contemporary Theater.

Reviewed by John Broman.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 21.—Powerful in its simplicity, warm and vital with living characterizations, and so authentic in its presentation that unemployed workers imagine they are sitting in their own district relief offices, "Formation Left" can be a real force in organizing the unemployed if it is sufficiently popularized among them.

Reality is contributed in a considerable degree by the genuinely fine acting contributed by the cast as a whole. Herb Smith stands out as Andy Martin, leader of the Unemployed Workers' League; but also excellent are Guy Morgan, as a D.P.O. chair-warmer, George Holman, as Mike Brady; Betty Elwell, as Jean, a girl who can't marry her boy friend because their budget will be cut if they do; Lillian Calvari, as Grace Parker, and Darby Jones, as Bill.

Although on the whole, "Formation Left" is a fine production, criticism may be directed on several points. When the "red scare" is raised by a deputy sheriff in an eviction case, Andy Martin answers by saying: "If this sort of thing keeps on, there'll be a hundred million reds in this county." The incident would be much more to the point if Martin had outlined briefly the reason behind "red scares," that they are raised by the capitalist class and its agents in an effort to divide the workers.

In another scene, Gerry Conners, a former All-American football star, tells his former college sweetheart, now his case visitor, that he would like to practice his college-taught engineering by tearing down slum tenements.

"Some day," he says, "those rotten buildings will start rocking from the top down!"

And then, when we should see the curtain brought down after this militant line, we get the anticlimax with a Hollywood touch:

"Give us a real kiss, will you?" asks Conners.

Minor faults, such as these seem to have arisen due to the inexperience of the producers and director, Max Pollock, with class struggle drama.

However, the play is distinctly worthwhile and can be definitely valuable in organizing the unemployed workers at Los Angeles County. The Contemporary Theater is to be commended for making earnest efforts to get trade unionists and unemployed workers to see the play and to realize the necessity for unity of action between employed and unemployed workers against the wage-slashing, union-smashing federal relief program.

Russian Workers Do a Little Clowning in Soviet Film "Moscow Laughs"



When the boys with musical talent, from a Soviet boiler factory, get on the stage practically everything happens, as this scene indicates. This musical comedy, now in its second week at the Clay International Theater in San Francisco, demonstrates that Hollywood has nothing on Russian films in any field.

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Maritime Situation Demands Action—And Unity

The emergency convention of the Maritime Federation has been in session for one week. But not until this week did the delegates actually get down to the vital issues facing the maritime workers, issues which forced the calling of this convention.

It must be clear to everyone now that Mr. Ryan and his official gang on the East Coast do not intend to help the striking I.L.A. men in the Gulf ports. Otherwise why should he actually order New York dock workers to work ship after ship loaded by strikebreakers in New Orleans, Mobile and Lake Charles?

It follows from this that any action the convention takes in support of the brothers on the Gulf should, and must be, popularized among the rank and file longshoremen and seamen throughout the country. The rank and file will force the officials to act. The convention must appeal to I.L.A. and I.S.U. locals, over the heads of the traitor officials, for nation-wide support of the Gulf strike.

* * * *

The question of the seamen's demands is still in the offing. The seamen are pretty much disgusted with some of the provisions of the award which Paul Scharenberg and other officials negotiated. The award represents gains, but does not yet grant the seamen the working conditions to which they are entitled. BUT THEY ARE NOT YET PREPARED TO STRIKE FOR THESE DEMANDS, AS THEY HAVE INDICATED BY VOTING FOR ARBITRATION.

If it is to be arbitration, the full strength of the Federation must be solidly in back of the seamen so that they will be able to wring the final smallest concession from the shipowners. Only organized strength will force the employers to give us what we ask.

* * * *

There is a war in Ethiopia. Mad Dog Mussolini is trying to grab off a huge slice of Africa and is committing wholesale murder in the process. The League of Nations is imposing sanctions. Down in San Pedro the maritime workers are refusing to work ships carrying aviation gasoline, consigned to Mussolini. We must back our Pedro brothers.

The United States Government has banned only arms shipments. This is not enough. The Federation should go on record against allowing the shipment of any cargo consigned to Mussolini or the war zone which can be used for or by the armed forces of the Black Shirts. It is plain that Mussolini is threatening the entire world in another slaughter fest. The seamen and longshoremen can be a mighty force in stopping this war.

Individuals at the convention seem determined to create trouble in our ranks. This is playing the shipowners' game to the limit and it must be stopped. This is no time for red-baiting—no time for individual by-play. It is time for unity and action.

Above all, we must not forget that we stand as workers with a common cause—a common enemy, the shipowners. ANY PERSON OR GROUP OF PERSONS WHO ACT AGAINST THIS BASIC PRINCIPLE MUST BE CLASSIFIED ALSO AS ENEMIES OF THE RANK AND FILE. The rank and file maritime workers will not allow disruption to split their ranks at this time. To do so would be suicide for the unions and all that these unions represent.

The British 'Jingo' Elections And the Communist Party

The British elections offer a typical example of the thesis of the Comintern that the second round of wars and revolutions is heralded by completely different circumstances from those in 1914, even though certain similarities exist in the tactics of the imperialist powers.

In 1914, on the eve of war, and precipitating war, the economic and financial crisis was dawning. When war came, with Great Britain and Germany heading the fight for the balance of power, the class struggle was carefully blunted by Social-Democratic and labor leaders who were either fools or knaves. Political dictatorship was established, and the war fought to a victorious conclusion for British and French imperialism. Immediately afterwards, the imperialists of Great Britain, led by Lloyd George (whom Lenin called "a master of political cunning, who serves the bourgeoisie splendidly"), called for elections that

were carried on in the most jingoistic, "Hang the Kaiser!" spirit.

Today the situation is reversed. With the British Empire in decline and subject to the encroachments of Italian fascism, and with a crisis which has been prolonged virtually since the war weakening its economic structure, the British ruling class has been compelled to resort to a jingo election BEFORE the actual war situation.

This election was carefully preceded by war scares, mandarin patriotic exercises, and the bamboozling of labor leaders who made class collaboration their credo.

The result is that Baldwin retains office with an even larger margin than expected, due to the almost complete bankruptcy of the official Labor Party policy. The working class, thanks to the ultra-conservative Citrine's and their like on the one hand, and the pacifist stand of Lansbury on the other, is split and undecided in the face of a major political crisis. This is repeating the dangerous condition of the German working class in 1933 in the face of an intensified drive for fascist control.

Realizing the critical situation to the full, the COMMUNIST PARTY OF GREAT BRITAIN IS WAGING A STRENUOUS BATTLE FOR A UNITED WORKING CLASS AND A UNITED PRO-SANCTION BUT ANTI-IMPERIALIST STRUGGLE—a line that neither the Citrine's nor the Lansbury's can see. And in furthering the desire of the British masses for such unity, the Communists withdrew candidate after candidate in constituencies where such action cleared the way for a Labor rather than a Government victory.

Never was the need for a clear line of action and a clear policy of unity so needed. And this is the triumph of the Communist International, whose policy in face of the dangers of war and fascism unmistakably fits the conditions and rallies wider and wider support.

The British workers face a critical period, during which they will turn in ever greater numbers to the united front and the tested leadership of the Communist Party of Great Britain, which gains steadily in prestige and membership. Baldwin's victory will afford only a brief spell for British imperialism. World shaking events are in preparation, and in this period of the second round of wars and revolutions the race is between world imperialist war under fascist leadership, or antifascist anti-war unity that will pave the way to world peace and the abolition of capitalism and all its evils.

* * * *

In only two constituencies did the Communist Party persist in running its own candidates, William Gallagher in Scotland, and Harry Pollitt in Wales. In both instances the Labor Party refused to submit the question of withdrawing either the Labor or Communist to mass meetings. In Wales the Labor Party joined with the Liberals against Pollitt, who nevertheless polled 3,000 more votes than in the last election. Gallagher was elected with a tremendous majority over his Laborite opponent, a smashing victory for the Communist Party and complete vindication of the correctness of its united front policy.

Framed for a Misdemeanor, Sentenced As Felons

If you were sentenced to 1 to 14 years in San Quentin for failing to make a boulevard stop you'd think the judge was crazy. If, in dealing out such a sentence, the law tried you for attempted manslaughter, alleging you had almost hit somebody, instead of prosecuting you under the traffic code, you'd suspect you were being framed.

That's what happened to Louise Todd—a Communist—who left the San Francisco county jail for Tehachapi Prison last Friday. And it may happen to Anita Whitney, who goes to trial in Superior Judge Robinson's court next Friday, Nov. 22.

Only they didn't go through boulevard stops. The prosecution claims that they violated a technical rule of the election laws when they filed petitions to place the Communist Party on the ballot in the State of California. It is NOT claimed that the petitions were in any way fraudulent. No one seriously believes that any fraud was intended or perpetrated. Specifically, Comrade Whitney is charged with filing a petition, as its sponsor, on which she did not actually witness the signing of all the names that appeared on it.

If they were prosecuted under the election laws, and found guilty, the sentence would be only a few months. But they are treated as felons, charged with perjury!

Even some of the capitalist papers are tut-tutting such obvious persecution, calling attention to the fact that no one was ever prosecuted for such a technicality before, in spite of the hundreds of times the very same thing has been openly done by non-Communist politicians.

Comrade Todd is in prison. If you don't act quickly, Comrade Whitney may follow. WRITE TO SUPERIOR JUDGE ROBINSON, Hall of Justice, San Francisco. Protest the frame-up and demand dismissal of the charges.

And let that be your starting point. If you belong to a union, bring this up on the floor at the next meeting; move for a protest resolution of the entire body. Ask your union officials to write personal letters of protest. Urge your fraternal organization, any ministers you know, your friends and your relatives to join a letter writing campaign of protest to halt this frame-up.

Party Life

DISTRICT ORGANIZATIONAL DEPARTMENT

San Bernardino Goes Over Top in Drive For New Members

The following is a checkup on the membership drive from Nov. 8 to 15, inclusive:

San Francisco13
Sacramento2
Bakersfield4
Porterville2
East Bay4
Stockton3
Los Angeles7
San Bernardino10

Total45

San Bernardino Section has gone over the top, with a total of 21 new members recruited into the Party since the beginning of the Drive. They have therefore raised their quota to 10 more members to be recruited by the first of January.

Sacramento Section has recruited its first two members in the Drive. The following sections have so far not recruited a single member since Sept. 21st: Contra Costa, San Jose, Santa Barbara, Arizona, Nevada and Tulare.

Those Sections which have been more successful in recruiting than others should use this Party Life column to help the other sections. Since San Bernardino is the first Section to make its quota, someone should be assigned to write in to the Party Life column and tell how this recruiting was done. In this way, other Sections will get the experiences of more successful sections, which will benefit them in making their quotas.

Oakland, Calif.

Unit 3 can report good work in a Public Works and Unemployed Union Fraction, but in other fields has not had much contact with the masses. The unit members have mostly been recruited through neighborly visits, and round table or panel discussions.

About half our members are in the professional class, and have as yet no contacts in factories, but we are trying to lay the basis for a shop unit. We have discussed factory work, and have made a map of our territory which embraces Clorox, Continental Can and American Can Companies, Pacific Tank and Pipe, a Chemical company and the Pacific Gas and Electric Co., to decide on a concentration point.

We have fulfilled our quota of three new members in the Drive, and our main problem now is to further increase our membership by recruiting from factories.

H. E. Unit Airt-Prop.

Church Forum Hears Professor Denounce Compulsory R.O.T.C.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 12.—Abolishment of compulsory military training at the University of California at Los Angeles, was demanded by Dr. Ordean Rockey, political science professor at U. C. L. A., at the Church Forum on International Relations here last night.

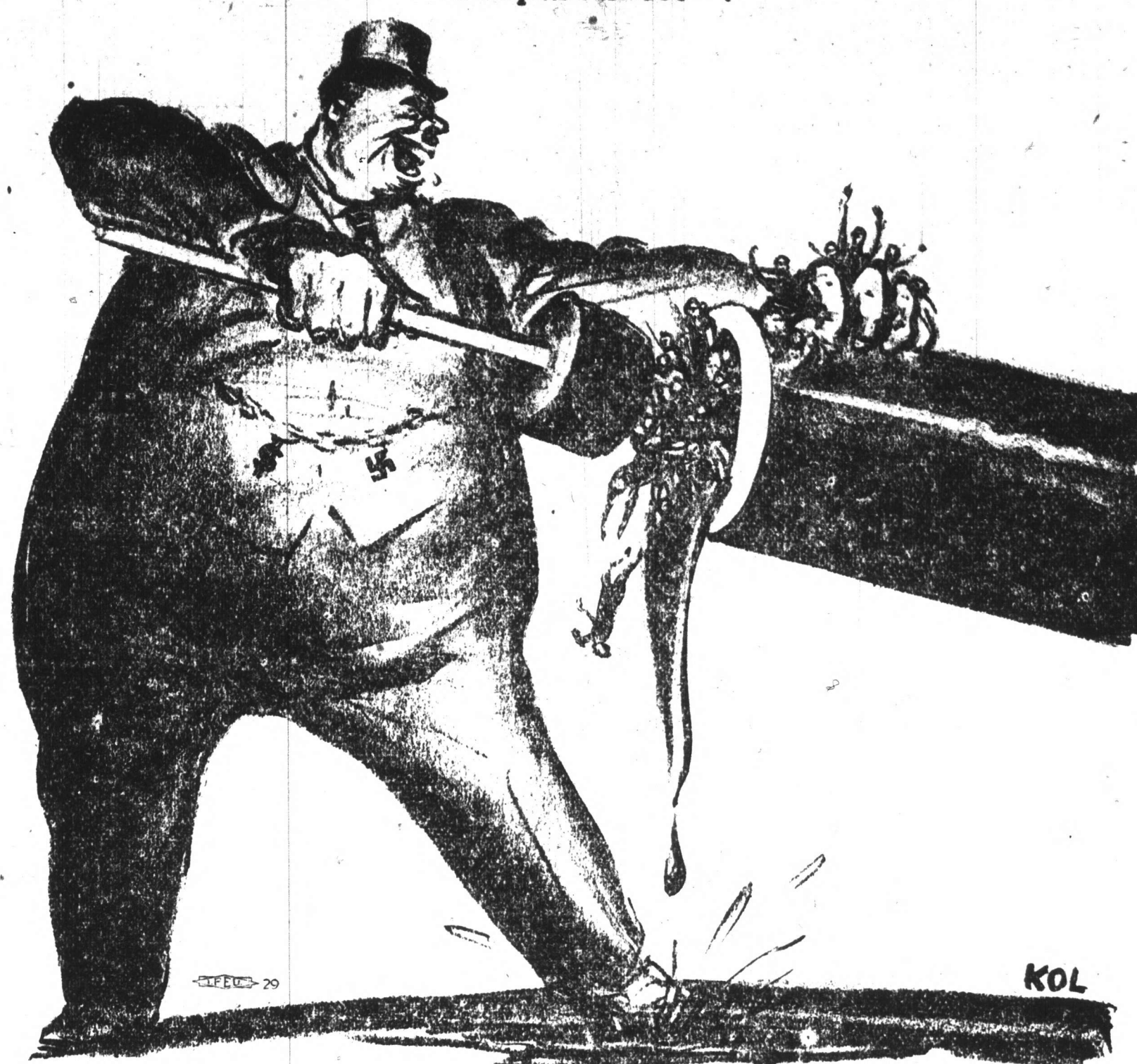
"It's all very well to talk disarmament among the Hottentots," he stated. "But disarmament should begin at home—at U. C. L. A. by the university. For there every able-bodied freshman and sophomore has to carry a gun. He was to learn about war."

"I am opposed to militarism in all its forms. And I am opposed to compulsory R.O.T.C. training," Rockey said he did not fear reprisals by "the other side" at the university. He was a "conscientious objector" during the last war.

Aircraft Cor. Cited In Firing Unionists

WASHINGTON.—(FP)—For giving the air to some 25 union members, the United Aircraft Manufacturing Corp. has been called to answer to the National Labor Relations Board. The firing of five members of the Industrial Aircraft Workers' Lodge 110 of the Machine, Tool and Foundry Workers' Union led to a three-day strike at East Hartford, Conn. After the strike the company refused to reinstate 20 workers. A hearing has been set for Nov. 18 at Hartford, Conn.

Preparedness



Two C. S. Prisoners May Appear Before Parole Board This Week

John Dewey of Columbia University Sends Solidarity Greeting to Freedom Fight

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 12.—The State Prison Parole Board is now meeting in the Women's State Penitentiary at Teha hap, Calif. It is expected that Caroline Decker, No. 57617, and Nora Conklin, No. 57616, two of the eight Criminal Syndicalism prisoners, will be called before this board within the next week. The purpose of the board is to fix the exact length of the sentences to be served. Both of these prisoners were sentenced to from one to 14 years in the Sacramento court last April. The International Labor Defense urges all friends to address letters to the Parole Board at Tehachapi asking that a minimum sentence be fixed for these two prisoners.

The appeal on the convictions of all eight victims of the Sacramento Criminal Syndicalism trial will be argued in December or January in Sacramento. The California State Conference for United Action Against the Criminal Syndicalism Act, which is comprised of 89 unions and organizations in Northern California and 101 unions and organizations in Southern California, is preparing for a state-wide conference to be held in Sacramento when the appeal is being argued.

Pamphlet Now Ready.

The Conference is holding meetings throughout the state explaining the C. S. Act and the Sacramento railroad. They are sponsoring mass circulation of the pamphlet, "The C. S. Case Against Labor," by Michael Quinn, reporter for the Daily Worker and Western Worker at the trial. This pamphlet gives the complete history of the case, the activities of the stool pigeons, the tie-ups between huge financial interests and the prosecution, and a detailed analysis of the trial. It was published by the International Labor Defense. Bundle orders or single copies are obtainable through the International Book Store, 170 Golden Gate ave., San Francisco, Calif.

John Dewey.

John Dewey, professor at the Columbia University, New York, noted author and lecturer, recently addressed the following to the California State Conference as a reply to a letter inviting him to speak:

"It is certainly very encouraging to know that there are those who are active in the good cause which you represent, and that you have well over 200,000 people who are working with you. I shall not be on the California coast this winter, but wish to thank you for your kind invitation to speak. I need hardly say that I am with you most heartily and wish you all success in the valuable work that your organization is carrying on."

AIM LOW, DON'T USE BLANKS—U. S. MANUAL TELLS GUARDSMEN AND HOW TO MACHINE-GUN PEOPLE ON HOUSETOPS

The United States Government has issued a 90-page booklet entitled "Domestic Disturbances" which will prove valuable for unarmed workers who in present and future strike struggles or demonstrations will be called upon to face the troops.

The U. S. War Department is responsible for the pamphlet. It is a detailed, practical guide giving complete instructions on types of equipment and chemicals and their relative effectiveness. It outlines tactics to be used against a "crowd," a "mob," buildings, barricades and even whole cities.

Section IV on "Tactics" clearly exposes the provocative character of the duties of armed deputies in its definitions of "a crowd" and a "mob." The manual states:

"a. Mobs develop from crowds which in most cases could be broken up by the proper application of crowd tactics. A crowd lacks organization and unity of purpose, and, if it is at all on mischief bent, requires only a leader to convert it into a mob."

"b. A crowd assembled for an unlawful purpose is cowardly. It hesitates to commit itself to a course of unrestrained violence. It may be noisy and threatening, but its collective cowardice remains its most striking feature."

"c. A mob... is distinguished by the fact that, under the stimulus of intense excitement, its members have actually lost all sense of fear of the law and can only be brought to their senses by an overpowering demonstration of force."

"Do you believe the national guardsmen, police or deputies 'fire over the heads of the crowd' as is always reported in capitalist newspapers when strikers are killed or wounded? The manual is very clear on this point:

And Bullets.

"d. When rifle fire is resorted to, the aim should be low, so as to prevent shots going over the heads of the mob and injuring innocent persons that could not get away."

"e. Blank cartridges should never be used against a mob, nor should a volley be fired over the heads of the mob even if there is little danger of hurting persons in the rear. Such things will be regarded as an admission of weakness, or an attempt to bluff, and may do more harm than good."

And here's a choice excerpt from the section on equipment:

"Airplanes may be used for the purpose of keeping rioters off roofs by means of machine-gun fire and, in conjunction with other arms, by dropping tear-gas and high explosives."

With one or two exceptions, such as prison breaks, every example in this manual of military suppression deals with an attack on striking workers of one industry or another. In case you want to read how government murders have been and will be accomplished in the future, the pamphlet sells for 10 cents, and can be had by writing the Government Printing Office at Washington, D. C.

INJUNCTION IS USED AGAINST S. D. STRIKERS

CAFE ACTS TO PREVENT PICKETING

SAN DIEGO, Calif., Nov. 10.—Again a law-court has been used to issue an anti-working class injunction!

In the court of Superior Judge Clarence Harden, one Louis H. Provost, proprietor of the Golden Lion Tavern, was granted a restraining order against the Cooks and Waitresses' Local No. 402, Bartenders and Waiters' Local No. 500 (AFL), and 500 John and Jane Does! The order asked that the pickets in front of his seamy restaurant be restrained from "intimidating, threatening, molesting and coercing his employees and customers."

The strike against this infamous seamy house has been going on for over two months. The picket line has been so effective that poor Louis' business has been getting less and less, only such anti-labor gastronomes as Chamber of Commerce directors, the Chief of Police and such ilk, eating there.

The restraining order is temporary and the defendants are ordered to show cause why a temporary injunction shouldn't be granted. Tuesday, Nov. 12, in Superior Judge J. D. Turrentine's court, at 10 a.m.

CULTURE IN USSR

EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS

Care for schools and children in the Soviet Union reflects the tremendous progress of the country's culture. During 1934 alone, there were built in the towns and industrial centers of the USSR 374 new schools and nearly 1000 new schools in the kolkhoz villages. The great scope of school construction in the forthcoming year may be judged from the fact that in the Ukraine alone, it is planned to build 307 new schools for 180,000 pupils in 72 cities. The cost of building these schools in 1935 is estimated at 180 million rubles. A very large number will be built in the Donbas, which is to receive 134 new schools in 1936. Operations for building 62 schools will begin Nov. 1 in various cities of the Ukraine. The scale of construction in other republics may be judged by these figures.

SOVIET ART SCHOOLS

Fifteen hundred new students were enrolled this term in the 25 art technicums of the Soviet Union, making a total of 3500 art students. The former figure is but a small percentage of those who applied for entrance; 2000 applications were received, for example, for the 42 vacancies in the first course of the Leningrad Academy of Arts, while 1000 were received for the 200 vacancies in Moscow courses for higher art qualifications. To meet the growing interest in the fine arts, classes for amateur artists in factories and club have been greatly enlarged. The artists' trade union, cooperative and other organizations have organized special short-term courses.

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During the November celebrations in Moscow over 700 paintings, sculptures, engravings and water colors were exhibited in the shop windows along Kuznetski Most.

World Events

By Emmett Kirby

Wall Street Installs a New Puppet In Manila

Two things at Manila last Thursday show just what "freedom" the Philippines got. Manuel Quezon, first president of the new Commonwealth, rates only a nineteen gun salute; and Roosevelt's representative was the Secretary of War.

Quezon, elected according to the best American traditions of skullduggery at the booths, limited franchise and stuffed ballot boxes, wanted the salute of the head of a government—twenty-one guns. But since former Governor General Frank Murphy only rates nineteen bonns as American High Commissioner, Quezon could hardly be expected to outrank his boss. Quezon, as president, can piddle around with certain internal matters, but all matters of foreign affairs, national defense and other matters concerning international relations remain just where they were—in the hands of the United States.

War Dept. Speaks.

That term—matters affecting national defense—is one of the most elastic ever coined. And Secretary Gurn who was also present, was Dorn, instead of Vice President the official representative of Washington, just by way of calling this sharply to attention.

The occasion was not one of unimpaired gaiety. Throughout the whole archipelago were rumblings of discontent, among the working class and peasantry. Even large sections of Quezon's own class, the native bourgeoisie, were disgusted with his crude methods of stealing the election and the new chains the Tydings-McDuffie bill, which Quezon favored, puts on the islands.

Export Tax.

Under its provisions, though all U. S. military bases remain and can be strengthened, enlarged or new ones added, slow strangulation of Filipino trade begins. Sugar, the main item of export to the United States, together with coconut byproducts, rope, and a long list of lesser articles get an import quota slapped on them. Imports over the quotas are subject to the prevailing rate of tax for foreign nations. Five years hence, ALL Philippine products sent to the U. S. must pay 5 per cent of the tariff, and 5 per cent is added for the next four years until 25 per cent is reached. Excess of the quotas pay in full. After ten years full tariff rates of any foreign nation will prevail on all goods imported from the island.

Pay Loan First.

Theoretically, the amounts of the tariff are to be used "for the benefit of the Philippine Commonwealth" to pay off the \$51,000,000 owed the U. S. Their present favorable trade balance of about \$30,000,000 will be lost.

But all U. S. goods, must be allowed into the islands free of duty. This is to fight Japanese competition. That it alone will be sufficient seems unlikely, considering the low prices at which Japan puts goods into the South American market. Not to mention Japanese expansionist policy, which demands commercial and finally military control of the Philippines.

The Tydings-McDuffie "independence," instead of giving freedom, actually ties the islands more closely to the U. S. through its heavier club of threatened economic collapse. For the Philippines can hardly expect to compete on even terms in the world markets with any industrial nation.

Never was Lenin's statement of one of the main characteristics of imperialism being the conflict between states and finance capital more strictly presented. Nor that finance capital backs the native bourgeoisie of a colonial country, at the same time fighting it. Nor, most of all, that from these very conflicts and oppressions grows the strength of the proletariat and peasantry to overthrow the whole mess, win their real freedom and their own government.

BOYCOTT THE BERLIN 1936 OLYMPIC GAMES

Union members: Raise the question of having your delegate to the Central Labor Council support recognition of unemployed organizations.

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